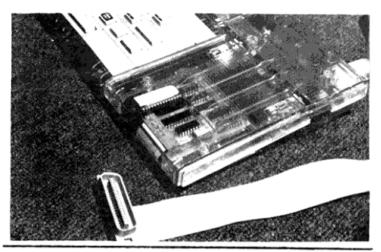
FOOTE SOFTWARE

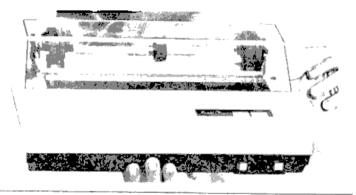


SOFTWARE

TS2068 TS1000

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Advanced Math (Oulculus)\$12.95	\$7.95
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Brother M1109 Dot Matrix Printer, compact, low noise, 100 CPS, both Parallel and Serial interfaces, multiple typestyles with near letter quality print mode and 4k memory buffer, comes with tractor feed unit...... \$249.95 QL or Zebra FDD cable for above: \$17.00



The Best of SUM

Some sample articles include: Building Your Own Spectrum Emulator, Repairing Your TS-1000, Word Processing Reviews for the 2068, UDGs on the TS-1000, Extensive Review of the Zebra Disk System, Adding a Keyboard to the 2068, and Enhancing the A & J Microdrive. 112 pages

Price: \$11.95

SPECIAL SHOW PRICE!

The FOOTE PRINT PRINTER INTERFACE

- for Centronics parallel printers
- · works in both 2068 and Spectrum mode
- compatible with OS-64 & Spectrum emulators
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FootePrint Interface w/software & cable \$39.95
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Articles include Building an EPROM Programmer, Sprites on the 2068, Adding RGB to 2068, OL Word Processing, What's Available for TS-1000, and much more. 60 pages

Price: \$7.95

FOOTE SOFTWARE P. O. Box 14655 — Gainesville, FL 32604 904/462-1086 (6 pm - 9 pm EDT) All prices are pre-paid and include shipping charges. Florida residents must add 5% state sales tax.

Time Designs Magazine Company 29722 Hult Road Colton, Oregon 97017 USA (503) 824-2658 CompuServe ID# 71350,3230

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JAN/FEB '88

TIME DESIGNS MAGAZINE

Information for all models of SINCLAIR, TIMEX, and AMSTRAD personal computers. Serving North America and the International community.

FROM THE EDITOR'S CLUTTERED DESK

Tim Woods

Telecommunications II

We sure have some sharp reader's out there, and I've heard from more than just one this past month. It clues me in, that folks really read this magazine, and that I'm not pasting up all of these articles just for my health (which isn't the case...ask any sort of magazine or newsletter editor!). What happened was, as the deadline approached the critical stage for the last issue (Nov/Dec), we were still missing some key articles on "TS Telecommunications" (some of our writers were running a bit behind...understandable, since this all took place right around the Holidays), and I had badly miscalculated our available ad space. Not to mention that our printer was patiently waiting, and the magazines had to reach the bulk mail center before Thanksgiving, or delivery before Christmas couldn't be guaranteed.

The result was, after a nightmarish attempt to wrap things up at the last minute, we ended up with much less than the Telecommunications issue we had planned for. And thus, our mailbox was full of good intentioned letters pointing out that "only two and a half articles, does not a theme issue make!".

Exactly so, and we'll try to keep our theme issues more on track. However, included in this issue, the "Business" theme, we are also publishing a few of the articles that were omitted last time. Especially the Serial port printer driver program written by John Bell. This is the long-awaited sequel to an article we ran in the March/April '86 issue. It described how to construct a Serial interface from a surplus Westridge modem board. Now we have the software to really make it fly!

Computer Graphics

Next issue (March/April '88), will carry the theme of "Computer Graphics". The TS2068 really shines in this area, so look for some interesting articles on such subjects as wire frame graphics, pull down menus, and grey-scale screen copying. And I'll bet that Fred Nachbaur won't let the ZX81/TS1000 go neglected in this area either.

I have an offer for you. If you are a computer artist, here is your chance to be famous. Send us a copy of your original art before the next issue goes to print, and we may use it on the cover or elsewhere in the next issue. If we don't receive anything, we'll be stuck with using some of my artwork on the cover...and I'm not an artist! Come on talented people! In fact, we just might through in some sort of a orize to the best artist, who's creation is selected for the front cover. (Note: please provide us with an original copy or a high quality photo-copy of your art, and let us know which software and equipment was used to produce it.)

(PR) 99

THE ULTUATE SYSTEM

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AFFORDABLE, FAST, RELIABLE, EASY TO USE and 815k per disk... That's BYTE POWER ULTIMATE DISK SYSTEM for the TS2068!!!

Comes fully assembled and tested with 90 DAY warranty. This system includes: 1 LARKEN DISK INTERFACE, 1 LKDOS cart. (with EX-BASIC), 1 QUAD density disk drive (815k per disk), DISK CASE, POWER SUPPLY and ALL CABLES.

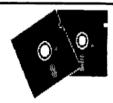
PLUS you get 1 free box of 10 disks and free

software to get you started! All this is yours for only \$289.99 (US)

DUAL DRIVE system (same as above but with 2 QUAD density disk drives for a total storage capacity of 1.6 megabytes).....\$375.00

4 Disk drive system available, please write for more information.

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This program is not only used to retrieve files, in fact, this package contains 20 DISK UTILITIES!!!

These utilities are... FORMAT DISK, CHANGE DISK LABEL, CHANGE HEAD SPEED, CHANGE NUMBER OF TRACKS, CHANGE NUMBER OF SIDES, RENAME FILE, VALIDATE DISK, CATALOG DISK, COPY ENTIRE DISK, EXTENDED CATALOG (1 FILE), EXTENDED CATALOG (ALL FILES), RECOVER CATALOG, RECOVER ERASED FILE, RECOVER FILES FROM BAD DISK, MOVE FILE, MOVE ALL FILES, ERASE FILE, ERASE ALL FILES, SECTOR EDITOR and SECTOR ANALYZER.

This is the most complete package for the LARKEN system!!!

Available on 5 1/4" disk (Double or QUAD density, specify)

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BYTE POWER is the ULTIMATE magazine, over 100 programs were published up to now (9 issues). Most of these programs are in FAST MACHINE LANGUAGE! And we bring you this quality programming at a very small cost...

...LESS THAN 39 CENTS A PROGRAM! (based on a 12 issue subcr.)

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ALL PRICES IN US FUNDS ONLY.



Send In the Clones

This is a subject that I hesitate to tackle, since it opens such a big can of worms. However, due to some recent correspondence, I felt that it was necessary to bring it up.

Some months back, SYNCWARE NEWS, one of the oldest TS publications still around, announced that they would begin to cover information on IBM PC's and compatibles. Their decision was a result of a "decreasing subscription base"...and also perhaps because both the editor and publisher have started to tinker with IBM machines.

I don't want to be judgemental about their decision, because sometimes a person (or company) has to do what they must do. Instead, I carefully monitored the reaction to this from our own readers. I heard everything from "did you see what they did, they're just selling the TS computers short!"...to, "I think it's a good idea...I use a TS2068 and a PC clone".

It's easy to see the attraction to the IBM market. Just glance through a recent copy of COMPUTER SHOPPER, and you will see a multitude of good bargains. It is the new world standard, and about every new computer to come along can (in some way) utilize PC software and the MS-DDS format.

There are drawbacks too! In many cases, serious software packages for the PC will cost up to twice the amount of what I paid for my entire Timex system. Also the complexity of the computer itself doesn't easily lend itself to the study of basic computer principals and programming... not like our beloved Sinclair computers. Also, if you have been following along with what's going on in the market, you may be aware that IBM itself is trying to shake

up the very market they spawned with newer models that will be basically incompatible with current technology (that's right folks, thousand's of beige-colored orphans!).

This all boils down to just a few points. At this time, I feel that to include IBM information as part of our regular format in TIME DESIGNS isn't really necessary. There are already hundreds of IBM PC publications, but only a few for the Timex Sinclair.

I do however, feel that it would be beneficial to discuss in TIME DESIGNS ways to adapt some of the bargain RAM boards, circuit cards and PC style keyboards. In fact, I recently discussed with Wes Brzozowski about this possibility, and he assured me that there are several ways of doing this, I would also be willing to publish information

I would also be willing to publish information on interfacing the PC to both the Sinclair QL and the new Cambridge Z88. Perhaps we could even review some of the new PC clones from Amstrad, including their new line of portables. After all, Amstrad owns the QL and Spectrum technology now.

It's true, that many of you use a PC both at home and at work...and I'm sure you could pass along some helpful information to us from time to time. However, to restate our basic philosophy: TIME DESIGNS will remain a Sinclair magazine.

We all need to remain positive! Indeed we are orphans, but we are also the best-supported orphan brand around. I still enjoy my TS equipment and I still learn new things about it all the time, and hope that you share this same view. I have the feeling that 1988 will be a very good year (remember to think positive!).

- Tim Woods

T/S COMPUTER FEST NEWS SUNSTATE WINTERFEST '88 just weeks away. Don't Miss Out!!



Vacation? How about the best of all Worlds!?

Central Florida is one of the most popular vacation spots in America and this spring it will be one better because the next major TS Computerfest will be held there in Orlando, just minutes from Walt Disney World, EPCOT Center, Sea World, Circus World, and most all major attractions of Florida.

The Timex/Sinclair User Group of Florida are presenting the SUNSTATE T/8 WINTERFEST '88 this March 4, 5 and 6 in Orlando, at the ORLANDO MARRIOTT on International Drive.

Now is the time to start planning your family vacation for a week or so in this mecca of vacations with the Winterfest weekend as an added bonus to your itinerary. Just imagine, while you take advantage of all the super deals and information available for your computer at the Winterfest, you can send your wife (or huspand) and the kids off to Disney World for a day of fun and everyone is happy! March in central Florida is ideal because it is usually warm enough to swim, yet much cooler than the hot, sticky summer months. The Marriott itself

is providing discount rates for our Winterfest and has excellent facilities with four lighted tennis courts, three large pools, jacuzzi, and child's pool (all heated), health club facilities, three restaurants and five bars.

The meeting rooms are larger than the ones at the last two Midwest Computer Fests with more than enough electrical outlets (this place is used to having computer shows!).

The Orlando Marriott is giving Winterfest goers a "convention rate" of \$70 per night for single and double occupancy, and \$105 per night for triple and quad. We do realize that this is much higher than what everyone is used to paying at previous Fests. But when you consider the locale, it's quite a bargain. These rates will be good for an entire weeks stay. There are other hotels in the area with rates as low as \$75 per night, but you would have to then worry about transportation. When you contact the Marriott to make a reservation, be sure to mention you will be attending the Sunstate T/S Winterfest '88, and that you want the special convention rate. Their number is (305) 351-2420, and they accept all major credit cards.

To help cut costs, we will be trying to match up people who would like to share a room. Please let us know when you register.

Advanced reservations are now being accepted by sending your name(s), address and phone number to:

SUNSTATE T/S WINTERFEST '88

249 N. Harden Ave. Orange City, Florida 32763

Fees for early reservation are \$5 single, \$9 family. Fees at the door will be \$8 single and \$12 family. Fees for Users Groups having a table at the Fest will be \$10 per table now and \$15 per table at



the door. Be sure and make all checks out to the *Northeast Florida T/S Users Group". We are using their checking account to make things easier as they are one of the host groups.

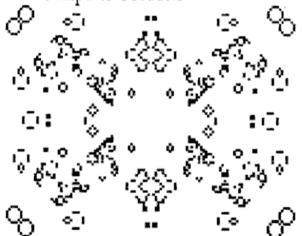
For more information you can either write to above address, or call our 24 hour Winterfest BBS, at (904) 275-0093. Settings are 8/1/N (it is a 300 baud board). And you can also call this number from 6-9 pm EST: (904) 462-1086, for further information.

For those who register early, we will be having a drawing to win a free room at the Marriott for one

night!

those peole who are planning on flying, we have negotiated with Image International to provide us with the best possible rate from anywhere in the U.S. Travel arrangements can be made by calling 1-(800)-327-1360 outside Florida, or (305)-351-1976 in Florida between 7:30 AM and 7:00 PM EST. Monday through Friday and 9:00 AM to 2:00 PM EST on Saturday. State that you are interested in travel reservations to the Sunstate Timex/Sinclair Winterfest. Also let them know whether you need ground transportation or car rental to get to the Winterfest. Ground transportation will cost an additional \$10 round trip...a real bargain compared to what a taxi would cost!

McBrine Computer Products





Software for the TS2068 from McBrine Computer Products

SUPERTOOLS - Remkill # Header reader # Renumber (with 60 TO's and -SUB's) # Variable dump # Program tracer # All RELOCATABLE except tracer, partly relocatable...\$9.95

Postage paid on all orders Send LSASE for FREE catalog!

514 S. Jackson St. # Salisbury, NC 28144 (704) 633-7817 2-5pm Mon-Th

Some of the planned activities include seminars covering hopefully all aspects of our computers, as swap room, minor repairs to computers, and interfaces. We will have available replacement (new) TS1500's and 2068's, as well as replacement SCLD's for both! There will be a cocktail party with finger foods Friday night (March 4) from 8:00-11:00 PM, and everyone is invited. Cost for the party is \$10 per person payable at the door. The official hours of the Winterfest are Saturday, March 5, 9:00 AM to 6:00 PM, and Sunday, March 6, 9:00 AM to 3:00 PM. Registration will start on Friday, March 4, at 12 noon.

Because of the international draw of the area, we expect to have both international users and vendors participating at the Winterfest. We have already contacted several with favorable responses. Those vendors we already have commitments from include:

A+ Computer Response **AERCO** AFR Software Clifford & Grey Computer Products Curry Computer Foote Software Gulf Micro Computing John Gliger Co. Knighted Computer Larken Electronics Markel Enterprises Quantum Computing Quantum Levels RMG Enterprises Sharp's Inc. Synchare News Time Designs Magazine Variety Sales Zebra Systems. Inc.

We also plan to have several local surplus electronics stores with disk drives, power supplys, cables, etc. available for sale.

To The Left: is a picture of our "committee" which includes members of the Northeast Florida 7/5 Users Group (Jacksonville), 7/5 Users of Gainesville (TVG), 7/5 Users Group of Orlando, and the TASBAM group (Tampa And Suncoast Bay Area Microcomputer).

Start planning now for the vacation of your life! If you need more information, please contact the Winterfest BBS, or write to the address above. See you there!

- Joe Williamson



New Items

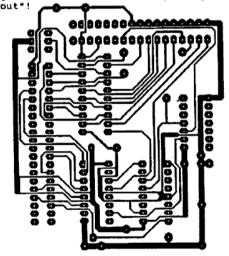
256K RAN IS READY FOR TS2068

Perhaps the best news to top off our list for 1988 is that Larry Kenny has decided to go ahead and manufacture his 256K RAMDISK expansion system for the TS2068. By the time you read this, it will be available for shipping. A package that consists of a memory board with 64K RAM, and the LKDOS Ex-BASIC Cartridge, is priced at \$129.95 (+ \$5 shipping). Other package plans are available, including one with the popular LARKEN Floppy Disk Drive System. Only 64K RAM is initially supplied, to keep the customer pricing down. As the user's wallet increases, so can the RAM chips, up to a maximum of 256K. The Larken Cartridge contains all of the Ramdisk commands, which are basically equivalent to standard cassette/disk commands. Actually, a Ramdisk works just like an "electronic" tape or disk drive, only much faster. The Larken Ramdisk is also backed up by battery, and for further safe-keeping of your data, a tape backup program is included. This new Ramdisk might be considered the "poor TS2068 owner's disk drive system", but most wealthy owner's will want one of these too! For further info: Larken Electronics, RR#2 Navan, Ontario, Canada K48-1H9.

HOT NEW PC BOARD DESIGNER

This new TS2068/Spectrum software package has a professional touch, from it's packaging to the detailed and thoughtful User Guide. PC-DRAW VERSION 3.0 is the latest from a new company called M.D.M. Enterprises. PC-DRAW is a tool that, with a little practice, will design highly-detailed drawings of printed circuit boards suitable for photographing (providing a negative for circuit board etching). Version 3.0 is an improved descendant of version 2.0, which was briefly released last year. Mike Davis, of M.D.M Enterprises, toid TDM that owner's of Ver.2.0 can upgrade to 3.0 by sending \$7.00 to: Mike Davis, 706 S. Mason, Saginaw, MI 48602. Interested TS2068/Spectrum users can send a S.A.S.E. to the address above for a list of TS dealers who carry the new Ver.3.0. It is priced at \$19.95. M.D.M. is only a software developer and distributor. They only wish to sell the program through dealers.

If you are interested in developing circuit boards like the example below, with your home computer and a high-quality dot matrix printer, then give your favorite TS dealer a call. Chances are, when the word gets around about this one, he just might be "sold out"!



WEAK DOLLAR FORCES COMPUTER PRICES UP

If you have looked up from your computer
monitor latley and turned towards the evening news,
you may have noticed what the stock market, the
deficit, and the slow-growing economy, has done to
the U.S. dollar overseas. Especially in Europe, the
homeland of our Sinclair computers, and still the
provider of many hardware and software items
purchased here in the States. As of this writing,
the British Sterling Pound fluctuated sharply

between i.84 and i.88 equivalent U.S. dollars on the international currency exchange. No significant improvement is forecasted at this time.

Improvement is forecasted at this time.

What does this mean? Well, checking with the two dealers most involved in importing computer goods from the U.K., Sharp's Inc. and Curry Computer...prices are indeed going up. For example, interfaces for the Sinclair QL (like the Trump Card from Miracle Systems) have raised 10%. Sharp's, Inc. was forced to raise the price on the new Cambridge Z88 laptop to \$479.95, since previous stock was purchased before the last big drop of the dollar.

It's possible that sales of home-brew Sinclair hardware and software support may show a significant surge. While the number of independants who develop after-market items don't even come close to their counterparts in the U.K., there is still a talented force out there who could produce, if called upon.

UPDATED TAX SOFTWARE ... JUST IN TIME!

If your play'n and singing the "tax reform blues" this spring, you just might need some accompaniment from one of the two tax software packages released just in the nick of time.

GWIK-1040 from Herb Bowers, Sr (ABBA SOFT) is for the TS2069 and covers just about any common 1987 Federal Tax form and schedule, with over 80K of data in two parts. Herb Bowers, a former Federal auditor, has a real knack at explaining the tax code, and his comprehensive programs pack a lot of extra's. Quick First Class delivery is promised for \$29.50 postage paid on cassette tape. Write to: 2588 Woodshire Circle, Chesapeake, VA 23323.

QL users, TAX-I-QL/87 will help! Peter Hale of

QL users, TAX-I-QL/87 will help! Peter Hale of EMSOFT has devised a template for use with Psion's ABACUS (QLSS) spreadsheet which will aid in the filing of Form 1040 and associated schedules and forms. 256K RAM is required, and there is a standard version on Microdrive cartridge, and a disk version which actually prints to the IRS forms (just like the big guys!). Price for the package (either version) is \$24.95 from: EMSOFT, PO Box 8763, Boston, MA 02114.

DAN THE "REPAIR GUY"

Is what one of our reader's kindly referred to Dan Elliott, of Promise Land Electronics, as. Since we first discovered and reported on Dan in our September/October '87 issue, he has been fairly busy performing repairs on all types of Sinclair equipment. And now he has added the Sinclair QL to the list of popular microcomputers he will service for a reasonable rate. We have received several notes of praise for Dan's quality repair work, and want to wish him continued success. On a side note, Dan told TDM that he has been having trouble tracking down replacement SCLD's for the TS2068. If anyone has knowledge of where to obtain this custom chip, please get in touch with him. A number of computers will remain on the "critical list" without it. For a service charge rate sheet or other inquiries, send a S.A.S.E. to: Dan Elliott, Rt 1 Box 117, Cabool, MO 65689, or call evenings 13441

BETA BASIC 3.0

Robert Hartung reviewed the excellent BETA BASIC 3.0 programming utility package in the May/June '87 issue, which gives the user over 100 new commands for the Spectrum/emulated TS2068. Mr. Hartung is one of the most knowlegeable proponents of Beta Basic in the U.S., and has spent much time in writing about it's virtues. To quote from the TDM article, "...after a year of learning my way around it a bit I am even more convinced that it provides our "toy" computers with what it probably the most powerful BASIC programming language available on any 8-bit micro today."

Robert Hartung has just sent us an update on Beta Basic: Andy Wright (the head of BetaSoft and author of the program) informs me they have moved. MasterCard or VISA orders for Beta Basic should be sent to the new address- BetaSoft, 24 Wyche Avenue, Kings Heath, Birmingham, Bi4 6LQ, England. Both Beta Basic 4.0 with RAMdisk features for the 128K Spectrum, and Beta Basic 3.0 for the 48K Spectrum (and TS2068), are supplied on the same tape for 15.95 British pounds ppd. Beta Basic 3.0 alone is about \$i.00 less.

"After playing with a QL for awhile, even with Super Toolkit II added, I still believe Beta Basic is far more "user-friendly" than SuperBASIC in its syntax and ease of access to most of the comparable programming features, especially when used with my Oliger DOS."

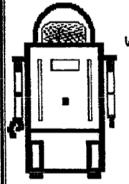
ADD THESE BBS #'s TO YOUR LIST

Fred Nachbaur of Silicon Mtn. Computers, has been working overtime for users of the TSi000/ZX81. This time he has managed to secure space on a subboard of the Nicolson Nightime Network, in Nelson, British Columbia, and has appropriately named it the ZX TERM EXCHANGE. The BBS phone number is (604) 354-4666. Settings are 8/1/N (300 baud). After you logon, go to SIG 3. Fred reported that there are currently 20 programs to download, along with a TS message base.

James Rodlin is SYSOP of the TIMEWARP BBS, a 24 hour, all Sinclair board, located in the Boston area. The phone number is (617) 481-0555. Settings are 8/1/N (300 baud). James has some plans for the BBS..."I will be upgrading to 1200 baud once TMX-64 is released. There are currently eight sub-boards, and more will be coming once I get more disk drives for my system (the new Larken DOS). I use the TS1000, TS2068, Spectrum, and QL." Why don't you give the TIMEWARP a try?

SINCLAIR ON THE AIR

If you happen to live in the southern part of Texas you may be surprised to hear what's going over the airwaves on AM radio. "The Computer Show" is a popular feature on Saturday afternoon's at WOAI Radio in San Antonio, Texas. While the "question and answer" format of the two hour talk show is geared more towards the IBM PC market, from time to time, special spots have been given to other computer models, including Sinclair. WOAI programming director, John Stewart, is responsible for the format of the show. He is also a Sinclair user, and owns both a ZX81 and a QL. Recently, spots have been



LEARN BY DOING

Want to do something unusual with your ZX81 or TS1000? Would you like to control a personal robot?

vou can control an ultrasonic range finder with your computer.

We have a "How To" book that details these fascinating projects.

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BOX 18616
TUCSON, AZ 85731

given to the high-resolution software from Fred Nachbaur of Silicon Mountain Computers (and TDM contributor), and also the Sinclair QL. In fact, a QL purchased from Sharp's Inc. sits in the control room at the station. Stewart claims that whenever the information on Sinclair or Timex/Sinclair has been presented, the response has ranged from favorable to that of genuine surprise. A lot of our the listners have a TS1000 or ZX81 tucked away in a closet, and aren't aware there is still support.

TS2068 COMPUTERFACTS

Last year at the TS Fest in Indianapolis, a representative from the Howard W. Sams Co. discussed the possibility of a Sams Computerfact for the Timex Sinclair 2068, with TDM editor, Tim Woods. Computerfacts are special information packets that provide technical data to service professionals. There is already a packet for the TS1000/ZX81. The TS2068 Computerfact has just been released. Both packets list for \$19.95 each. For more info, contact your local Sams dealer, or call (800) 428-7267.

NEW 2068/SPECTRUM SOFTWARE

Dr. Faisal El-Shoufy, is Director of the Computer Training Center in New Iberia, Louisiana, just completed programming five new arcade games that will be marketed for the Spectrum in Europe, but also will run on the stock TS2068 without any software or hardware modification.

The new titles include: WitchiGlanda (\$8.50), Gulf War (\$8.50), Rooten Tooten (\$8.50), Knight & Gublins (\$10.50), and Moon Fight (\$9.50). The games are reported to contain high resolution colorful graphics, well-designed sprites, and excellent sound effects. Prices quoted above are for cassette tape and include postage. Shortly, versions will be released on disk for Disciple users, and on wafer for Rotronics users. Write to: Computer Training Center of New Iberia, 525 E. Main St., Suite 5, New Iberia, LA 70560.

PLANNING MEETING

On January 30, 1988, there will be a Midwest User Group meeting at the Linden Library in Columbus, Ohio, from 1:30 to 5:30 PM. The purpose of the meeting is to look at the possibility of another Midwest Fest. A tour of CompuServe headquarters is also slated. If interested, contact: Mowgli Assor, 2000 Elmwood Ave., Apt.B, Columbus, OH 43212.

WEST COAST FAIR PLANNED

The CCAT/S User Group of Oregon is the host group for the Third Annual International/Great NW Timex Sinclair Mini-Fair. Since the San Francisco Fest was scrapped, the planning committee has decided to run the fair for two days and open the event up to the whole west coast (or anyone for that matter). Tentative date for the Mini-Fair is the second or third week of August, 1988. A suitable site is currently being selected in the Portland, Oregon Metropolitan Area. The planning committee is also placing emphasis on the whole family, and will have many activities for non-computer enthusiasts. The RMG BBS at (503) 656-8072 is the official Fair BBS and clearing house for info regarding the upcoming event (settings are 8/1/N, and is operated through the evening hours and early morning). Start planning your summer vacation for the Great Northwest.

PIXEL PRINT PLUS

Stan Lemke informed TDM, that after a year on the market, he has upgraded his popular Desktop Publishing software for the TS2068, PIXEL PRINT PLUS offers ten new features, yet is 100% compatible with all the old ICONS, FONTS and files created with Ver.2.0, and also still works with the TASWORD conversion utility. Stan has also written a new User Guide to accommodate the newest version, and even provides printer POKE's for nine varieties of printers. Also in the works is an all new disk version of PIXEL PRINT for the Larken and Aerco disk drive systems. For further information write: Lemke Software Development, 2144 White Oak, Wichita, KS 67207-

CATALOGS TO WRITE FOR

Group Technology, Ltd., 6925 Dogwood Road, more, Maryland, 21207. Offers a catalog containing some TS items, and many other products

suitable for any computer. Strong on books, and hardware experimentation.

Frank Lockhart, P.O. Box 1131, Shelby, 28250, will send a free listing of available software for the TS1000, TS2068, and Sinclair QL, in exchange for a S.A.S.E. Mr. Lockhart has programs for engineering, mathematics, and some games.

Reader Survey

This data will be collected, and will serve two purposes; a) to plan the format of future TDM issues and b) to supply our advertisers with information about what you might like to see developed, and what you would most likely purchase. The name and address portion is optional. We want to hear from you!!

READER SURVEY TIME DESIGNS MAGAZINE CO. 29722 Hult Rd. Colton, Gregon 97017

ABOUT YOU
Name (optional):
Address (optional):
Age: Male/Female:
Occupation:
What is your hobby:
#ABOUT YOUR EQUIPMENT#
Computer you use the most:
Other computers you own:
What printer(s) do you own:
What medium do you use to store data?
What monitor(s) do you use:
Other equipment you own:
Software package you use most:
Other software you use:
What computer/hardware item are you planning on purchasing this year:
What software package are you planning on purchasing this year:
What hardware would you like to see developed for your computer:
What software would you like to see developed for your computer:
What one comment would you like to make about T8 dealers and vendors (about service, advise, a gripe, a compliment, etc.):
#ABOUT TIME DESIGNS#
Most favorite section:
Least favorite section:
One particular article/program you really liked in a recent issue:
If you could make one comment directly to the editor, what would it be:
Article/program you would like to see in an upcoming issue:
Suggestion of a topic for a "theme issue":
Do you know of any TS users who don't receive TDM? Would you be willing to supply their names and

addresses? Do you have a suggestion on how we could

gain more subscribers?

Announcing: A Brand New **Publication**

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This new book is filled with previously un-published articles and programs from the writer's of TIME DESIGNS MAGAZINE, for the TS1000/ZX81. TS1500. TS2068. Sinclair QL, and Z88 computers.



Communique

Joe Williamson



TS COMMUNIQUE: A forum for people having problems with their Timex Sinclair 1000, 1500, and 2068. If you have any questions, send them to:

TS COMMUNIQUE c/o Time Designs 29722 Hult Rd. Colton, DR 97017

I have a Larken cartridge which has a Spectrum ROM, which is activated by the command: OUT 244,3. Is it possible to program a 32K EPROM which contains both the Spectrum operating system and a 64 column operating system, and have them selected by a simple Both operate in the 0-16384 memory region (switch selects one part of the EPROM, while the other part stays inactive).

> Renato Zannese Toronto, Canada

Dear Renato,

The answer is yes. To carry it even further, why not program a 64K EPROM to contain the 2069 operating system, the Spectrum operating system, and OS-64, each in its own 16K chunk. The advantages include putting the one EPROM inside the machine, freeing up the cartridge space for your own and it would also cut down on buss loading" by having fewer components loading down the data and address lines.

This has actually been on my "drawing board" for quite same time, but I have been waiting for the price of 64K EFROMs to come down, Because of the weakening dollar, they have actually gone up in price (about \$15 from Jameco), but I guess I will have to go ahead and spring for one now that you have inspired me to look at it again.

The hardest part is programming the EPROM, but if you can handle that, it is mainly a matter of inserting the new EPROM into a modified socket inside the 2068, taking care of two extra control lines (because its an EPROM), and connecting address lines 14 and 15 of the EPROM thru a dip switch to select

one of the four 16K areas:

address lines 14 15 0~16K 2068 system 16-32K high low your own system 32-48K LOW high 08-64 49K~64K high high Spectrum

Because you are selecting the upper two address lines, the 2068 will only see that one 16K chunk. Look for a project on doing this in a future issue Time Designs. While you are at it, why not add 32K of RAM (one chip) to the system by piggy-backing one of the two ROMSs (or EPROMs) to a 43256 (32K X 8 Static RAM)? The pin-outs are the same!

I have an Amdek Amdisk III(B). Sometimes when first turned on and commanded to LOAD from drive #2, it will give a report: V RECORD NOT FOUND, 0:2. Or it will load and after working on a program and then going to a line number in the program to save, the report given is, V RECORD NOT FOUND, 9999:3. This will also happen using a direct command to save. Is this caused by the drive or the disk? If it is the drive, can it be corrected?

Herbert Braun Wickliffe, Ohio

Dear Herbert.

I also have an Amdisk III and have noticed the same problem, but only during the first minute or so after being turned on. You mentioned that it does it on drive #2. Are you powering your disk controller from the power supply of drive #2? If so, this may be where your problem is stemming from...as that was causing my problem, but only for a short while after power up.

You may want to try adding some tantalum capacitors to the 5 and 12 volt supply at the controller if it is being run from the Amdisk. Try 1 to 5 microFarads rated at better than 12 volts, and watch the polarity as they have been known to explode when connected backwards. If you don't have the controller running off the Amdisk power supply, try cleaning the heads. If that doesn't work, you may have to have the heads aligned, which would probably require you to send it off to Amdek. —Joe

I recently converted a surplus TI keyboard for use with my TS1000. Everything works OK except for the shifted functions on the "s" and "d" keys. Unfortunately, these include LPRINT and SLOW, which limits the usefulness of the mod. These functions work fine when the add-on keyboard is unplugged. The letters and unshifted functions work as advertised.

I read a piece in an old issue of SYNC, which indicated that the problem could be high resistance in the KB lines. However, I checked the KB1, KB2, and D4 lines with a multimeter and the resistance didn't seem to be any higher than on any of the other lines. The problem in the SYNC article was not with an add-on keyboard, but with the keyboard resistor pack RP-3, and author Stephen Turner suggested solving it by wiring in parallel resistors (to RP-3) on the underside of the keyboard to reduce the total resistance. Would this be worth a try or is there a better solution?

Bob Johnson Ypsilanti, Michigan

Dear Bob,

When using an external keyboard, make sure that the internal keyboard is disconnected. Also, the length of the cable that connects the external keyboard to the TS1000 may be too long...don't go any longer than 8-10 inches. It really depends on the type of cable you are using. I would suggest ribbon cable using every other wire, with the ones in-between being grounded. Also try disconnecting any peripherals you have plugged in...see where the problem is actually occuring.

If all this doesn't work, then try adding a 10K to 18K resistor between address line 8 and +5 volts, and address line 9 and +5 volts. If you have access to an oscilloscope, take a look at the address and keyboard lines going to the external keyboard. You should see a maveform swinging from about.5 volts to around 4.5 volts. By probing around, you can quickly determine where enough "signal" is or isn't. If you still have problems, you may need to buffer the external keyboard (see Tim Stoddard's article in July/August '86 issue of TDM), or make your own external keyboard interface which would plug onto the rear edge connector. Back issues of all the TS mags have had articles on this.

This concerns the inability of the TS2040 printer to print with linearity. The height is greater than the width. Is there a circuit modification that would alleviate this problem? Through the years, I have seen this question asked many times, but never answered.

Jim Powell Napa, California Dear Jim.

I have never seen any modification to cure that problem. I'm afraid that its more the mechanics of the printer (the way the motor "steps" through each bit line). Has anyone out there found a cure for it?

The cable on the TS2040 printer is extremely short, so I cut mine in half and wired on a male and female "D" connector to the ends. When plugged together, the printer works fine, but when I insert a three foot long cable with matching connectors that I made up, I am unable to even get the "K" cursor on the monitor screen. I have checked the shielded extension cable but found nothing wrong. I would apppreciate any suggestions you may have.

Arnold Nieuwenhoff Sutton, Massachusettes

Dear Arnold,

The length of the cable is the problem. Too much stray capacitance and inductance is loading down the data and control lines. The 2040 printer is talked to through port 251 (FB hex), but only address lines A2, A7 and control line IORQ are used for decoding through the 74LS10 IC chip inside the 2040 interface. The strobe line out from pin 6 of the 74LS10 can be used to toggle a buffer IC such as a 74LS245 (octal bus transceiver). The other lines used are D0, D2, D6, D7, RD, and WR...plenty of room.

Some extra circuitry will be required to enable and control direction of the 74LS245 using IORQ, WR, and RD. With this buffer added, the TS1000 or 2068 bus is isolated from the long run to the printer and should thus cure your problem. Someone in my user's group did this several years ago and had great results.

I have a 2068 and purchased the program called "TOMAHAWK". It is a fun program. However, since I also have the RAMEX disc drive system, I'd like to convert it to disc. Here lies my problem: I've been able to save other purchased programs to disc, but this one's got me short of POKEing %'s to addresses, I know very little about machine code. Could you help me out? I'm getting tired of growing a beard every time I want to LOAD this program from tape.

Regis Giacobbe Ocean City, Maryland

Dear Regis,

The easiest way to save it is to have an NMI SAVE button on your interface. But since you don't, you need to first be able to break into the program. I'm afraid that I don't have a copy to try, but you may want to try turning on the 2068 and MERGEIng in the loader part of the program so you can LIST it and see how the rest of it is loaded. There may be several loading sequences, so you may have to MERGE several times, but always make sure the 2068 is clear of any other programs.

If you can get into the loader program but can't tell how long the code is that is ultimately LOADed in, and you don't have any type of header reader, find out how much memory is FREE and subtract it from 65535. Then try loading the code followed by an immediate save using the result from above for the starting point, and the FREE amount for the length. You may SAVE more than you need, but you will have it all.

you will have it all.

This is all provided that you can successfully list the program's BASIC part. Some programs use their own LOADing routines which just simply can't be broken into. I have "Ghost Busters" which is like that, and unless you have NMI SAVE, you can't break into it! Good Luck!

Professional's use TS computers

Battle Zone

This bit of news from our friends "down under"; may come as a surprise...yet will bring a sense of pride to anyone who possesses the mighty silver one...the TS2068.

The Australian Army uses the Timex Sinclair 2068 as part of an inexpensive simulator used to teach soldiers the skills of calling fire from an artillery battery or mortar platoon onto targets in the field.

According to Staff Officer J. Todd, the Timex computers used are standard production models (unmodified), and are interfaced to video projectors that accept the NTSC-type (U.S. standard) synchronization signals. Since the electricity supply in Australia is 240 volts AC, a different transformer is used than those supplied with the stock TS2068.

The Australian Army has made good use of a reliable, yet cost effective computer, as a battle field simulator. The software was developed in the Science Department of the 1st Division Headquarters. The Australian Army works with only a fraction of the budget that the U.S. Army does, but of course, one probably wouldn't find a TS2068 driven simulator in the U.S. military...or would we?

Bath Boutique

David Lebowitz is very familiar with the use of a Timex/Sinclair computer in a business setting.

"I use a TS2068 equipped with Rotronics Wafadrive and an inexpensive dot matrix printer in almost every phase of running a retail business. In my case, the business is a Bath Botique that my wife and I have owned and operated for about twelve years. We sell accessories for the bath of every description, from shower curtains, rugs and towels to soaps, soap dishes, wastebaskets and upholstered toilet seats. It's a small business that employs eight people, operates from about 3,000 square feet of space and remarkably purchases from a list of over 300 vendors. We are firm believers in offering a broad selection of merchandise and may have one of the most comprehensive inventories of its kind in the Nation."

"Our TS2068 gets used all day long for all kinds of purposes; cash accounting, sales analysis, payroll, accounts receivable, accounts payable, inventory control, purchasing, and of course, word processing. I wrote all of the programs that we use in BASIC (mostly on the TS1000 originally) and continue to update and expand upon them as necessary."

The Bath Botique uses five programs with the TS2068:

DAILY- This program provides the input for most of the bookkeeping needs. It is a daily compilation of many of the financial activities, like total cash sales, credit card sales, lay-a-way payments received, refunds and other kinds of cash payouts. The program prints out a daily sheet form and totals receipts and expenses, subtracting the latter from the former. It also performs other functions including a spreadsheet print out at the end of each month, detailing in column form (with monthly totals) each of the various categories.

CHARGES- Takes data from the DAILY program that concerns accounts receivable transactions and creates a printout of that month's A/R activities.

It also prints out statements for all active accounts that have other than a zero balance. The statements are produced on continuous forms and just have to be put into window envelopes for mailing.

CHECKS- This is the "input" program for accounts payable. Essentially, the program asks for all of the information required to prepare a check. Then it proceeds to actually print out the check using continuous check forms. Among other functions, it prints out a remittance stub that details the payment for the payee, and also maintains a running bank balance at all times and compares monthly deposits to date with withdrawals. Finally, at the end of each month, it performs a sort by account code and prints out a list of all accounts by name, number and total for each month.

PAYROLL- This program simply asks for the number of each employee and the number of hours worked. It then calculates gross pay, Federal Withholding Tax, State Tax, FICA deduction and net pay. The data can then be moved to CHECKS, to create payroll checks. PAYROLL also prints out quarterly reports listing each weeks' payroll by employee, quarterly and year-to-date totals for each category mentioned above.

STOCK- The hardest working program of all, as it is a combination inventory/ordering program that starts as a pre-printed inventory sheet for all of the items normally carried from a particular supplier and ends up as a neatly printed, fully documented purchase order, extended and totalled (thus providing a comparison figure between invoice totals and purchase orders). The program can also be used to print retail price labels showing item number, name and price for each item ordered. Additionally, the program order data can be saved so that, if additional orders must be placed before this merchandise is received, items on order can be automatically added to the on-hand inventory before the new order is printed.

"I really believe that a computer like the TS2068 is capable of undertaking most of the essential tasks that a small business requires," states Lebowitz. "It does take a lot of patient programming because to be really effective, the programs should be custom tailored to the individual task...of course, that's part of the beauty of simple-to-program computers like ours!"

"I'd be glad to share any further information, including actual programs and/or printouts from them. And I almost forgot...if anyone out there needs any bathroom accessories, I'll be happy to help with that, too!"

help with that, too!"
Write to: David Lebowitz, 934 Gardner Road,
Flossmoor, Illinois, 60422.

Green Thumb

Out in rural, western Oregon, the climate and soil is ideal for raising an abundance of greenery, and the Independence Nursery (in Independence, Oregon), owned and operated by Marylou Matteo, is no exception.

"I use a TS2068 for my business," states Matteo. "Using OMNICALC, I keep track of plants sold by amounts and dollars brought in from all sales, along with where it went to. During our season, spring, I update weekly or every other week. The 'plants sold' file has 72 customer accounts."

"At the end of each month or so, I print a hard copy and erase the oldest entries so that the data will fit in the computer. The program totals, subtotals, etc., so that I know how much money came in daily, weekly, monthly and by the season. I also know how many dollars worth of any particular plant sold and when it moved."

sold and when it moved."

"Using MSCRIPT, I do 'help sheets' for customers on a variety of plants, to save time telling people how to grow them, where to plant, etc...which they will not remember when they leave

the nursery. I also do a newsletter that goes out 5 times a year. The print shop prints the newsletter from my copy (created by MSCRIPT), and we put on the address labels made with VU FILE."

Spring is coming around the bend, and Marylou will be busy again. Here's to another successful

season and a reliable 2068.

Engineering

Routt is a familiar name among members of the TASBAM computer group in the west coast area of Florida, of which he was associated with in the early days of its inception. But Mel is also a businessman now president of H.E. Johnson & Associates, Inc. Their major product is power transformers.

"In 1980 I bought my first Sinclair computer, a ZX-80, " Mel related. "By 1985 I had learned enough about the little device to package it permanently in a distinctive metal cabinet along with a built in power supply, additional 16K of memory, an interface circuit for the cassette input (ZX-80's were bad to work with most recorders), and a new keyboard by EZ-Key. I finally had a truely functional and comfortable' Sinclair computer."

"It wasn't long after that I evolved my first major program that has been used since 1985 to design our products. The program takes our client's requirements in an input mode, churns them around against various calculations used in our industry as well as any special factors evolved from company's experience and then provides us with the necessary information to fabricate the device. The output has been both screen display as well as the remarkably utilitarian TS2040 thermal printer.

*However, once I acquired a TS2068 computer, and spent some time learning its additional power, program was upgraded to utilize the the capabilities. The software now provides an estimate of physical size and weight of the finished product. Since I became president of the company I have not had as much time to do the programming I would like to do, but at first opportunity I intend to have the program also compute a cost estimate...all in good time.

Since Mel assumed leadership of the company, has discovered a multitude of uses for the TS2068, including a calculator to monitor copper base fluctuations occurring almost weekly from all suppliers, and a data base to keep track of accounts, expenses and costs of material, payroll,

"As my CPA says, 'you have evolved the funda-mentals of a general ledger'. It also became necessary to operate the program through a full size printer because the data tables are easier to handle on conventional 8 $1/2 \times 11$ sheets as opposed to twenty miles of thermal printouts. Thus I upgraded my system with a daisy wheel printer using an Aerco interface.

"The other major application is the use of the TS2068 with the MSCRIPT wordprocessing program handle correspondence."

As an update, Mel has had to turn over all accounting to his CPA, since the work load has increased. He is also contemplating on purchasing some PC equipment to meet larger memory requirements, and the Timex system, of which he is very satisfied with, will become a dedicated word processor in the office.

Stock s

George Mockridge is a friendly, down-to-earth type person, who doesn't mind discussing Sinclair is a friendly, down-to-earth computers. He is active in TS user groups in the San Francisco bay area and former editor of the TIMELINEZ newsletter. And he also applies his Timex computer in a demanding business...the stock market.

George first started keeping track of statistics and stock market calculations using a programmable TI calculator. His next step was to purchase a Sinclair ZXSI, mainly because of the price, and learned to program in BASIC on his own.

George's specialty is the "technical and fundamental analysis of stock" from the data provided by some home-brew programs he has The Value Line Investment Survey is his developed. source of information.

Originally the programs were developed on the ZX81, which George fondly describes as "a good number crunching machine". The main program he uses is for "data maintenance", which keeps a year worth of stats on 100 stocks. The results of this program feeds a "graphing" program, so that the data can be viewed and summarized.

When George switched over to the TS2068 a few years ago, it gave the graphing program considerably more detail, and both programs were upgraded to make use of the new machine.



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No acreen-dump could do justice to this program. This to THE definitive mode terminal program for the ZISI/TSIOOO and TSI50O.

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Professional's use TS computers

For the past eight years, George has worked out of his home. He deals a lot in options, and large NY Exchange stocks, such as (just off the top of his head), American Airlines and Etna Life. Along with the Timex computers, he also owns an IBM clone which he tinkered with for a while, but found the computers to be more suitable for his needs.

"I really enjoy programming in BASIC... I think the TS2068 is a fantastic little computer", related

He is also willing to correspond with anyone interested in the same field. Write to: 311 Michelle Lane, Daly City, CA 94015.

Sinclair Dealer

Rod Gowen, proprietor of RMG Enterprises a Sinclair computer dealer since 1981. Before been that he was in the home electronics, auto sound, and CB radio retail business. The last two years he has been at it full time, working out of the basement of his Oregon City, Oregon, home. The business is primarily mail order, but Rod also has a large amount of equipment set up for demonstration to local walk-in business "by appointment". He has also worked in to the business, generic computer items like printers, monitors, disk drives, floppy disks, ribbon re-inkers, printer stands, and even other lines of computers besides the Sinclair. But Timex Sinclair business has remained the

mainstay and accounts for most or nis business activities. Rod currently stocks over 500 items, with a total inventory value of \$36,000 retail.

Several computer systems help Rod in running the business. The primary system is a Sinclair QL that runs three business software packages programmed by Vince Lyon of Executive Workshop, but highly modified and customized by Rod.

One program is actually a "two in one" package, which does the inventory and invoicing, another program stores the customer files, and there is a general accounting program. All data is stored on double density quad disk drives, and a Miracle System's Trump Card is also used. Hard copy can be obtained from an Okidata 180 printer.

Rod extensively uses RAMdisk-ing with business software, especially the inventory and invoicing program. One example, is a UPS shipping charge data file that can be called up and automatically calculates UPS charges.

For general correspondence, Rod uses a TS2068 with TASWORD and a Ramex disk drive system (running a Larken DOS cartridge). Printouts are done on either the Okidata or Blue Chip printers.

Another TS2068 system is dedicated to the RMG BBS which is online in the evenings until early morning (call 503-656-8072; setting 8/1/N). It is running CASBOARD software, with an Aerco disk drive system and dual quad 800K drives.

Rod stays very busy with a current customer base of over 1,032. He is also the treasurer of the local Timex Sinclair Users Group. You can write to him at: RMG Enterprises, 1419 1/2 7th St., Oregon City, OR 97045.

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and more. Complete documentation on Lkdos operation and accessing the dos from machine code is included. ... \$10

Z88...more on Sir Clive's microchip wonder



Cambridge Computer still insists that the U.S. launch of the Z88 laptop will be late February or early March. A few rumors have come down the pipe, such as, there is a holdup on FCC approval. Another rumors has it that, although the suggested retail price stands at \$499, that a special introductory price will be offered, or an expansion RAM Card (or a modem) will be given away to sweeten the deal.

I have also heard through the grapevine, that there may be a special ROM revision for units shipped to the U.S.

To check which ROM version you have in your own Z88 is easy: from any popdown or application program (other than PIPEDREAM), press the key for the HELP page, then press the Left cursor key once. This will give you the Copyright page, and the top line gives the ROM version.

Incidently, I have been exchanging notes with Rob Curry, of Curry Computer, who has had his Z88 considerably longer than I have. Rob reported that his ROM version is 1.41, and has detected a few "bugs". The version I have is 2.2, and so far haven't uncovered any of the unwanted pests.

In the November/December '87 issue of TIME DESIGNS, we took our first look at the 288...the latest computer design from Sir Clive Sinclair. We examined the physical components (keyboard, display, battery requirements) and even took a peek at what's inside the compact case. We also described (briefly) the 12 internal programs that are built in. Also, a small mention was made of the expandability through the cartridge dock and the serial port.

In this installment, we will take another look at the concept of memory cards in the cartride dock. I will review the first two aftermarket devices released for the ZSS, and finally wrap this up with a few observations.

Tim Woods

The most common question I receive from those who are curious about this new machine, is: "does it have disk drives?" It's obvious, considering that the computer weighs two pounds with batteries installed, that the Z88 does not include a floppy drive mechanism. As far as an external unit, it is extremely possible using the expansion buss provided on the right-hand side...it's only a matter of time before Cambridge or an aftermarket developer can put together a system.

Currently, data can be IMPORTED/EXPORTED to either a Sinclair QL (see more details shortly) or an IBM PC, using the optional "PC LINK" software, and then the data can be stored as a file, using the host computer's own disk storage medium.

But, before one would write the Z88 off as "weak" or "lacking a disk drive facility", the design concept of the computer needs to be seriously examined. This is a truly portable computer. You can tuck it under your arm and run with it. Other computers claiming to be portable or laptop, weigh in excess of 10-12 pounds. They are transportable, but are they really, day after day, a personal portable computer, designed to be a tool you carry with you wherever one might go?

The expansion memory card system on the Z88 was designed as a completely integral part of the machine, and not just an afterthought. The memory cards are the "disk system" of the Z88, and are treated as such. When Sir Clive was first contemplating a portable computer, the Microdrive cartridges were locked at as a possible option for mass storage. He has gone one step further and offered their electronic counterpart...and they are considerably more reliable.

Since our last review of the Z88, I went ahead and sprang for a 128K RAM CARD, which I ordered from Sharp's, Inc. for \$85.00 ppd. The following picture is the actual size of the card (or cartridge). It inserted very snuggly in the #1 cartridge slot, and once installed, it is almost there to stay. The 128K card was accompanied by some documentation sheets that provide a crucial information link. The Z88 User Guide contains very little on the subject of the memory cards.

There are three types of cards available (or soon to be) for use with the ZBS: i) RAM cards for storing your own information. 2) ROM cards, which will be available as commercial software, and are not programmable by the user. 3) EPROM cards which can be programmed one time only (unless erased) by the user for permanent data storage.

As we mentioned in the last issue, slot #3 doubles as an EPROM programmer. RAM, ROM, and EPROM cards can be used in all three slots. However, and this was surprising to me, the documentation states that, "it is recommended that you avoid using slot 3 for RAM cards because RAM cards draw more current in slot 3 than they do in slots 1 and 2". This kind of throws a monkey wrench at Cambridge Computer's current ad campaigns in Europe, in which they always quote system RAM expansion X 3. So technically, according to the docs, the user is advised to have RAM cards in only slots one and two. You could run it in three, but it isn't advised. Slot three can be reserved to "burn" EPROMs or for booting up commercial software as it becomes available. I will probably spring for another 126K card sometime soon (I need to start saving my pennies!).

(I need to start saving my pennies!).

The extra RAM makes a big difference. It takes an already excellent little computer and feeds it tremendous power. No longer does one run out of memory in the "suspended activities" area of the INDEX page. To use the extra RAM is extremely easy, you simply go to the PANEL menu and set the Default Device to: RAM. I (if the new RAM card resides in slot #1), or if you would like to keep the system default to internal RAM (RAM.O), you could access the additional RAM from within the device selection of the FILER.

As previously mentioned, the additional RAM works like having a disk drive. You LOAD and SAVE just as you would any program file. In the FILER, it keeps a list of files currently in RAM. You can carry around with you a tremendous amount of data, and its all safely backed-up by batteries!

MIRACLE SYSTEMS CENTRONICS INTERFACE

Well, it's going to be all uphill from here on. Aftermarket development has begun, and the first products are starting to emerge for the ZBS. The Miracle Systems Centronics Printer Interface is the first of such items that I have tested. And if this is any indication of what's ahead, it's going to be an enjoyable experience. This new printer interface works just about as flawless as anyone could hope for...you basically plug it in and start printing.

To back things up just a bit, th: 288 comes with an RS-232 Serial port. Unless you have a printer that is serial compatible, your kind of stuck. In our office, our & printer is serial...but beware, if you try as I did to use the cable supplied with the &L printer (Sekosha 800), it won't work. The serial ports on the &L and Z88 are incompatible with each other (one data line is wrong).

The Miracle Systems interface does the trick. Since the printer I use most often with other computers requires a paralell input, this was my ticket to happy printing with the ZSS. It converts the serial information into paralell data, with only a slight bit of a delay (very un-noticeable). If you have an Epson compatible printer, no changes to the PRINTERED program will need to be made. Printing can take place from PAGTC. PIPETPERM and the DIRPY

take place from BASIC, PIPEDREAM, and the DIARY.

The circuit of this interface is contained in the portion that plugs into the printer, with an extra long cable attached. At the other end is the small serial connection for the Z88.

This product works as well as could be hoped for. My recommendation should be obvious...if this is what you need to get printing, buy it! I obtained mine from Curry Computer. Write for current pricing.

Z88 TO SINCLAIR QL LINK

This combination software package (Microdrive cartridge) and cable, that hooks the Z88 serial port up to the Serial i port on the SL, was developed by Sector Software in Great Britain, and is being marketed over here by Sharp's Inc. The price is \$39.95.

The software portion of this package is called "GZ FILE TRANSFER", and the title sums up what it's sole function is...it enables the Z88 user to dump a file and store it on either a Microdrive cartridge, or if the users system can accompdate, on floppy disk. The documentation for this software package is supplied as a GUILL document. The software is version i, and the author of the program is looking for additional ideas for ugrades (which registered owners will receive free of charge).

Unfortunately, the Sinclair QL I normally use, was malfunctioning at the time I wanted to test this software package. Knowing the quality of other Sector products, I can probably guess that I am in for a treat. But I will report on my findings next issue...that is, if I get the QL repaired.

Well, that about wraps it up for this issue. Next time I will be experimenting with the built in telecommunications software and a modem, using a cable I have on order from Curry Computer. I will also dabble in a bit of BBC BASIC. Actually, in looking over the list of commands...this is quite a powerful implementation of the BASIC language.

I might add, that after a number of months of steady use, and many sets of batteries, I have grown quite fond of this little computer. Since I am "on the go" all day long, it really suits my lifestyle. The wordprocessor, diary, calculator, database and spreadsheet are very useful tools that I use day in and day out. I might go as far as to say that it is the best computer I have owned for those particular reasons.

I know that many of you are holding back judgement on this newest member of the Sinclair family, for the fact that you have seen too many good little computers orphaned in the last few years. We can only hope that Cambridge and Sir Clive



can at last successfully market a good product without the bumblings and failures that have taken course in previous attempts. It's a tough market how and just having a good product is not enough.

I am working on getting enough interest to form a national user group and newsletter for the Z88. If you would like details on this (you don't have to own a Z88), send a S.A.S.E. to: Tim Woods, c/o TDM, 29722 Hult Rd., Colton, OR 97017.

1987 Federal Income Tax Calculator

Herb Bowers. Sr.

NOTE: The following program can be typed in, without any modification, on your ZX81/TS1000/TS1500 and TS2068/Spectrum.

IT'S THAT TIME AGAIN FOLKS! And with the following program, you will be ready for it, Yup! It's that festive season of the year lovingly referred to as the good old "TAX SEASON".

As you may have guessed, the phrase "TAX SIMPLIFICATION" is an oxymoron. It is about the same as Jumbo Shrimp and the U.S. Postal Service. In fact, just figuring the proper standard deduction is a job in itself, and I am sure that many individual taxpayers will end up cheating THEMSELVES in this respect.

For instance, there is no longer any additional exemptions for age 65 or over, or for people who are blind. Instead Uncle has built an additional STANDARD deduction into the law. Notice that I emphasized the word STANDARD. If you itemize your return, there is NO additional allowance or deduction

Let's take a couple, both age 66, who are using filing status 2, MARRIED FILING A JOINT RETURN. First of all, they will get 2 exemptions, (not 4 as in the past), for a total of \$3,800. The standard deduction, \$3,760, is increased by \$2,440 which gives them a total STANDARD deduction of \$6,200. However, they have a lot of medical expenses, Real Estate Taxes, some Interest Expenses and deductible contributions, which came to a total of \$7.000. This is \$800 greater than the STANDARD deductions, so they intend to ITEMIIZE. Lets give them \$20,000 taxable retirement income.

OK. We take the \$20,000 income and deduct from it the \$3,800 exemption and the \$7,000 worth of itemized deductions which leaves them with taxable income of \$9,200. Notice that there is nothing extra allowed for their ages. The \$2,440 has totally disappeared. Had the couple each been 21 and the \$20,000 been earned income, the taxable income still would have been \$9,200. The older couple was penalized by losing the additional \$2,440 deduction they would have been allowed had they used the STANDARD deduction. For the younger couple there was not any penalty. This means that the old folks \$7,000 was worth only \$4,560. You did it to us again Ronny.

I swore I wasn't going to get on a soap box again this year, but there I go again. Lets get down to business.

I have written this program using no multi-statement lines or DATA statements. Originally I had written two programs. One of the programs had multi-statement lines and DATA statements, and the other did not. In an effort to save space in TDM and to avoid confusion, I decided to eliminate everything that would not be compatible with you computer regardless of the model. Only CAPS mode was used. I also found that by putting the DATA in Ds. I saved a lot o bytes.

I think that you can type this program in and use it without any further documentation or further explanation.

If your computer has caps and lower case modes, use the CAPS mode when running it. On the TS2068 and the Spectrum you can add a line at 105 POKE 23658,8 to accomplish this. If your computer has a FAST mode, add line 475 FAST and line 485 SLOW..but that is optional. If you have lower case capability, use it "ad lib" when entering text.

Pay particular attention to line 440 and be certain you are using the correct operarators. You cha eliminate the REMs if you feel so inclined and eliminate all the extraneous spaces. The PRINT position notation was not used because this is not standard notation on some of your computers. Just use the appropriate number of commas to obtain the correct PRINT positions.

The program will calculate the proper standard deduction for you. In the event you are taking itemized deductions, the program will select the higher of standard or itemized deduction and deduct that figure only. This feature alone is worth the effort of typing in this program.

Another unique feature of the program is the calculation of the tax on NET CAPITAL GAINS, which during this transition year (1987) is limited to 28% maximum on these gains. In 1988 the maximum tax rate will be 28% and no adjustment will be required. I must note here that I am writing this the week of October 19th...the week the New York Stock Exchange went bananas, so for 1987 the expression CAPITAL GAIN may also become an oxymoron.

The program has not been written with any ERROR

The program has not been written with any ERROR TRAPPING, so be careful when you RUN it. I have some really nifty error trapping routines and if Tim will allow me, I will publish a few of 'em right here in the pages of TDM sometime soon.

You have my blessing to incorporate this program, as written, into any of your own tax programming endevors. As far as a I am concerned, it is public domain as of this minute. (It would be nice if you gave the old man here, or my company ABBA SOFT a little credit.)

You will not be able to use this program if you can be taken as a dependent on another persons return. Special rules apply. Also for childeren under age 14 who have investment income greater than \$1000, Form 8615 must be used.

Final Note: I have released a complete 1040 tax program which is called QWIK-1040, that will quickly prepare your entire 1987 Federal Tax Return including schedules.

If you have any questions, you can drop me a line. If you don't have any questions, you can drop me a line also. It's lonely out here in the sticks! Herb Bowers, Sr., 2588 Woodshire Circle, Chesapeake, VA 23323.

```
100 REM ■INFORMATION INPUT■

110 PRINT AT 8,0; "ENTER FILING STATUS:"; TAB 4; "1. SINGLE"; TAB 4; "2. MARRIED FILING JOINT; TAB 4; "3. MARRIED FILING SEPERATE"; TA 6 4; "4. HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD"; TAB 4; "5. QUALIFYING WIDOW/ER"

120 INPUT FS

130 CLS

140 PRINT AT 9,0; "HOW MANY DEPENDENTS BESIDES YOU"; "AND YOUR SPOUSE" AND FS=2; "?"; TAB 4; "IF NO NE THEN ENTER 0"

150 INPUT EX 150 INPUT EX 160 LET AA=0

170 FOR F=0 TO FS=2

180 CLS

190 PRINT AT 9,0; "ARE YOU" AND NOT F; "IS SPOUSE" AND F; "55 OR OLDER"; TAB 12; "Y OR N"

200 INPUT 1$

210 LET AA=AA+(I$(1)="Y")

220 PRINT AT 9,0; "ARE YOU" AND NOT F; "IS SPOUSE" AND F; "BLIND?

"; TAB 12; "Y OR N"

240 INPUT I$

250 PRINT AT 9,0; "ARE YOU" AND NOT F; "IS SPOUSE" AND F; "BLIND?

"; TAB 12; "Y OR N"

240 INPUT I$

250 PRINT AT 9,0; "ARE YOU" AND NOT F; "IS SPOUSE" AND F; "BLIND?

"; TAB 12; "Y OR N"

240 INPUT I$

250 PRINT AT 9,0; "ENTER ADJUSTE D GROSS INCOME", "FORM 1040, LINE 31; 1040A, LINE 13", "1040EZ, LINE 31; 1040A, LINE 13", "1040EZ, LINE
```

```
290 INPUT AG
300 CLS
310 PRINT AT 9,0; "ENTER NET LON
TERM CAPITAL GAIN(SMALLER OF L
INE 17 OR 18,3CH.D) (IF 0 OR LES
S_THEN_ENTER_0)"
                                                                                                                                                                                  1310 LET LO=0
1320 GO SUB 1500
1330 FOR F=1 TO 60 STEP 12
1340 LET HI=VAL D$(F TO F+2)
1350 LET PLUS=VAL D$(F+3 TO F+7)
1360 LET PCT=VAL D$(F+8 TO F+11)
1370 IF L>LO AND L(=HI THEN
GO TO 1400
1380 LET LO=HI
1390 NEXT F
                                                                                            1000 REM TAX CALCULATION CONTROL
                                                                                                         INPUT: TA=TAXABLE AMOUNT
CG=NET CAPITAL GAIN
F3=FILING STATUS
(1 TO 5)
S THEN ENTER G
320 INPUT CG
400 CLS
410 PRINT AT
TEMIZED DEDUCT
410 PRINT AT 9,0; "ENTER TOTAL TEMIZED DEDUCTIONS", "LINE 26, 3 HEDULE A", "(IP NONE THEN ENTER
                                                                                                      OUTPUT: TAX=TAX LIABILITY
                                                                                                                                                                                    1390 NEXT
                                                                                            1010 IF TA>=25 THEN GO TO 1040
1020 LET TAX=(TA>=5)+(TA>=15)
1030 RETURN
                                                                                                                                                                                    1395 REM SUPPER/LOWER PARAMETERS
BRACKET TAX
  435 REM ESTANDARD DEDUCTION
                                                                                                                                                                                  1400 LET L=(L-L0) *PCT+PLUS
1410 RETURN
                                                                                            1035 REM #SEPARATE CAPITAL GAIN#
 1040 LET Mx=(27000*(F5=1))+
(45000*(F5=2 OR F5=5))+
(22500*(F5=3))+(38000*
                                                                                                                                                                                    1500 REM PSEUDO-DATA
                                                                                                                                                                                                              REM SINGLE
                                                                                                                                                                                    1510
                                                                                            1050 LET CGT = (CG*.28) * (TA>MX)

1050 LET CGA = CG*.(CGT>0)

1070 LET L= (TA-CGA) / 100

1030 IF NOT CGA AND TA (50000

THEN GO TO 1140
                                                                                                                                                                                    1515 IF F5=1 THEN LET D$="018000
00001116800198001527002448002854
00530400359E91475438.5"
                                                                                                                                                                                    1520
                                                                                                                                                                                                           REM #JOINT; 0/4#
                                                                                            1090 REM #X, Y, Z, SCHEDULES
                                                                                                                                                                                   1525 If FS=2 OR FS=5 THEN LET D$ ="030000000011280003300015450040 8000289000884000359E92459038.5"
                                                                                            1100 GO SUB 1300
1110 LET TAX=INT ((L+CGT)+.5)
1120 RETURN
   465 REM EPRINT INFO TO SCREENE
465 REM PRINT INFO TO SCREEN

470 PRINT , "*FEDERAL INCOME TA

× CALCULATION*", "FILING STATUS=
";FS,"EXEMPTIONS=";EX,", "ADJU

STED GROSS INCOME=";AG,", "LESS
";EX;" EXEMPTION", "S" AND EX>1
";EX;" EXEMPTION DESS: ITEMI

ZED DED.= ";ID AND ID>SD," LESS:
STANDARD DED.=";SD AND SD>=ID,
"TAXABLE INCOME=";CG," TA*(TA*)
"TAXABLE INCOME=";CG," TA*(TA*)
LABLITT = ";
480 GO SUB 1000
490 PRINT TAX, "BEFORE CREDITS O
R ADD'L TAXES"
S00 PRINT, "ENTER TOTAL FEDERA
L WITHHOLDING"
510 INPUT UH
520 LET L=WH-TAX
530 PRINT AT 19,0; "TOTAL FEDERA
L WITHHELD= ";UH," "YOUR REFUND
IS: "AND L>=0; "YOU DUE: "AND L
<0; "$";ABS L
540 STOP
                                                                                                                                                                                    1530 REM EMARRIED FILING SEP.
                                                                                                                         AX TABLES AMOUNTS
                                                                                            1130 REM TAX
                                                                                                                                                                                    1535 IF F5=3 THEN LET D$="015000
00001114000165001522502040002345
00442000359E91229536.5"
                                                                                            1140 LET BR=25+((L)30) *25)
1150 LET B1=INT (TA/BR)
1160 LET B2=B1+BR
1170 LET B3=B2+BR
                                                                                                                                                                                    1540 REM THEAD OF HOUSEHOLD
                                                                                                                                                                                    1545 IF F3=4 THEN LET D5="025000
00001123000275001538003350002380
00755000359E92225038.5"
                                                                                             1180 LET L=82/100
                                                                                             1185 REM BEGIN CALCULATION
                                                                                            1190 GO SUB 1300
1200 LET L1=L
1210 LET L=B3/100
1220 GO SUB 1300
1230 LET L2=L
1240 LET TAX=INT
                                                                                                                                                                                    1550 RETURN
                                                                                             1240 LET TAX=INT ((L1+L2)/2+.5)
1245 REM BEND CALCULATIONB
                                                                                            1250 RETURN
                                                                                            1300 REM BOATA CONVERTER
```


The following TANTALIZER by Martin Hollis appeared in a 1974 issue of the New Scientist, a British research journal.

Tantalos of Thrace bowed low before King Xerxes and declared, "I bring your Majesty some goats, more sheep and yet more oxen, may it please your Majesty."

"How many of each?" inquired the king.

"3150, Sire,...."

"That is satisfactory."

".... If multiplied together, Sire."

"That is not satisfactory. How many of each, dolt?"

- "As many in total, when added together, as the number of your Majesty's wives, Sire."
- "I cannot deduce the exact number of each from that, O base Greek. How many of the beasts are oxen?"
- "Less than half the total, Sire."
- "Now I can deduce the number of each and it is not satisfactory!"

Write a program for our computers to solve this riddle. How many each of goats, sheep and oxen did Tantalos bring to the king???

CEDRIC R. BASTIAANS

Quadra - Chart +

Bill Ferrebee

I continue my on-going series of software hancements with a very simple but useful addition to Timex's answer to *presentation graphics*...QUADRA CHART.

QUADRA CHART is a TS2068 program that was marketed by Timex themselves, and should still be available at a very reasonable price from many of the TS dealers around the country.

QUADRA CHART enables you to convert numerical (such as Sales Figures, or Inventory Totals) into four types of graphs:

- 1. Bar
- 2. Pie 3. Line Pie
- 4. Line

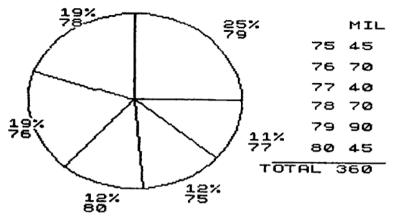
Any one, or all four of the graphs may be displayed on the screen at once. The Screen can also be printed on a TS2040 thermal printer.

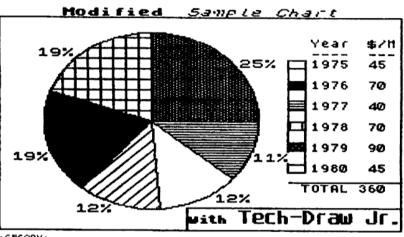
The modification we will make, will enable the screens to be saved to tape (or disk), so that they can be enhanced with any of the fine TS graphics programs available. This means text can be added, pie sections can be "filled"...and most importantly, the finished graph can be printed on a full size dot matrix printer.

The examples accompanying this article give you a few examples of what can be done. The procedure for installing our GUADRA CHART + routine as follows:

- 1. Load the program loader and first screen with LOAD "".
- 2. Once the cover screen finishes loading, STOP THE TAPE and BREAK.
- 3. Insert a fresh tape in your recorder and enter GOTO 110.
- 4. Once the loader and screen are saved, STOP THE TAPE.
- 5. Reset the computer, place the original tape in the recorder and enter MERGE "":LOAD "" CODE: LOAD "" CODE.
- Once the condition code appears in the lower left corner, add or modify the following lines: a: add to m: modify ns new line
 - 112 ;AT 21,10; "s=save screen"
- n 119 IF INKEY\$="s" THEN GOSUB 8700
 m 2360 INPUT AT VAL "0", VAL "0"; "r=restart, w=window, c=copy, s=save";j\$
- n 2396 IF js="s" THEN GOSUB 8700
- m 6520 INPUT AT VAL "O", VAL "O"; "r=restart, w=window, c=copy, s=save";j\$
- n 6566 IF j == "s" THEN GOSUB 8700 m 7320 INPUT AT VAL "O", VAL "O"; "r=restart, w=window, c=copy, s=save";h\$
- n 7366 IF h\$="s" THEN GOSUB 8700
- a 7932 ;AT VAL "21", VAL "10"; "s=save screen" n 7941 IF INKEY\$="s" THEN GOSUB 8700
- n 8700 INPUT "Name?:";q\$
- n 8710 SAVE q\$ SCREENS: RETURN

Sample Chart





- 7. Once you have entered the lines, place backup tape into the recorder and enter GOTO 9990. This will save the modified program and accompanying screens.
- I hope that this added feature enables you to produce professional looking graphics with your TS2068 computer.

SOLUTION OF THE PUZZLE OF THE MONTH

" OXEM" 60 IF 05's AND S56 AND OC(W/Z) AND P=3150 THEN PRINT 6;" GOATS": 5" SHEEP": 10;

SO REM PRODUCT: LET P=6\$5\$0 40 KEM MINES! LET W=6+S+0 20 FOR 0=20 TO 501 REM OXEN

SO LOW 2=10 10 S2: BEN SHEED TO FOR G=6 TO 15: REM GOATS

Key in the following program:

before the TS2068 was invented of course! whereas Martin Hollis gave only one, but that was 50. These assumptions proved to be totally acceptable and the TS2068 even gave TWO solutions, speep and oxen, say respectively to to 25 and 20 to To solve the TANTALINER riddle, I made many sesumptions, such as there would probably not be less than 15. The latter shad not more than 15. The latter will then be continuous the cubic root of 5150 = 1400×10^{-10} more of 14.659. There would then be progressively more of the state of the progressive of the pro

and ZI oxen (46 wives). goats, 21 sheep, and 25 oven (52 wives), the only solution given by Hollis, A little over a minute later, it will also come up with: 10 goats, 15 sheep And 25 oxen (52 wives), the only O>S>G AND..., but this wasn't accepted.
In about 13 seconds, the 2068 will print: NOTE: In line 60 I first tried to key in IF

> 9012 001 90 NEXT 6 8 TXBN OR D TXBN 07

Loan Analyzer

Stan Lemke

How often have you looked at those new car interest rates and wondered how much your montly payments would be, but didn't want to stop and talk to a salesman just yet?

How often have you looked at those dream house sketches and wondered about the size of loan you might get with the payment you could afford?

How many payments would it take if I payed "this" per month instead of "that"?
How much does a 1% or 2% difference in interest

make in my monthly payment?

If you've ever had these questions (an more), LOAN ANALYZER will help you find these answers. The LOAN ANALYZER can calculate Loan Values, annual interest rate, number of monthly payments, or the monthly payment. Each loan is based on simple, annual interest with no balloon payments. This program is entirely in BASIC. Simply type in the program; RUN 9999 (ENTER) will SAVE the program to tape; RUN (ENTER) will RUN the program.

You will be prompted to INPUT data for four loan variables: Loan Amount, Interest Rate (annual interest rate in %), the Number of Monthly Payments, and the Monthly Payment. Actually, input data for any three items and zero for the one you want calculated and the LOAN ANAYLYZER will calculate the value for you. You then have the option to COPY the screen and save this information by pressing "C", or press any other key for a new loan. NOTE: this COPY is for the 2040 printer, you can route this to a

Loan Terms \$2000 Loan Amount 18 % Annual Interest 24 Number of Payments \$99.85 Monthly Payment

full size printer by LOADing your customized printer driver code, and substitute RANDOMIZE USR command in line 3000. the appropriate

Let's look at an example: What is the monthly payment for a \$2000 loan at 18% annual interest and 2 year term? INPUT the following: 2000 (ENTER) for Loan Amount, 18 (ENTER) for Annual Interest Rate, 24 (ENTER) for a 2 year term (2 times 12). In this case the LOAN ANALYZER will not wait for you to input the last variable as zero, but immediately calculateds a monthly payment of \$99.85. You can now press "C" to COPY, or any other key to continue. Try INPUTing zero for the Loan Amount, Annual Interest Rate, and Number of Payments...and LOAN ANALYZER will quickly calculate these for you.



1 REM

LOAN ANALYZER

3 REM by Lemke Software Dev S D Lemke 1984 2144 White Dak Wichita, Ks 67207

20 BRIGHT O: PAPER 1: BURDER 1 : INK 7: CLS : PLOT 30,155: DRAW 200.0: DRAW 0,-80: DRAW -200,0: DRAW 0,80: PLOT 28,157: DRAW 20 4,0: DRAW 0,-84: DRAW -204,0: DR AW 0.84: PRINT AT 3.5: "Loan Term

30 PRINT AT 5,4; "s----- L can Amount"; AT 7,4; "---- % Annu al Interest"; AT 9,4; "---- Numbe r of Payments"; AT 11,4; "5---.--Monthly Payment"

35 PRINI AT 17,1;" Input Data For any 3 Items.";AT 19,1;" Pre ss ""ENTER"" when done.";AT 20,1;" Input O to Skip an Item." 40 LET L-O: LET I-O: LET N-O:

LET P=0: FOR c=1 TO 4
SO IF c=1 THEN PRINT AT S,S;
FLASH 1; OUER 1;" "

60 IF c=2 THEN PRINT AT 7,4; FLASH 1; OVER 1;"

70 IF c-3 THEN PRINT AT 5,4; FLASH 1; OUER 1;

BO IF C-4 THEN PRINT AT 11,5;

FLASH 1; OUER 1;" 90 GO TO (190+10*c) 200 INPUT "Loan Amount: ";L: LE T L=INT (L*100)/100: LET loan-L:

T L=INT (L*100)/100: LET PRINT AT 5,5;" ": PRINT AT 5,5;L: GO TO 240 210 INPUT "Interest Rate: ";1: LET i=INT (1*100)/100: LET ir=i: PRINT AT 7,4;" ": PRINT AT

PRINT AT 7,4;"
7,4;1: GD TO 240

220 INPUT "Number of Payments:
";n: LEI n=INI (n): PRINT AT 9,4
:" ": PRINT AT 9,4:n: GO TO ": PRINT AT 9,4;n: GO TO 240

230 INPUT "Monthly Payment: ";p : LET p=INT (p=100)/100: PRINT A T 11,5;" ": PRINT AT 11 5.

240 TF 14>0 AND 14>0 AND 11<>0 T HEN GO TO 250 250 PRINT AT 17,2;" FLASH 1; "Working"; FLASH 0;"
";AT 19,2;" ";TAB 29;"
";AT 20,2;" ";TAB 29;"

255 IF p=0 AND L<>0 AND 1<>0 AN 250 IF D=0 AND L<>0 AND 1<>0 AND 1<>0 AND 1<>0 AND 1<>0 AND 1<>0 AND 1<0 AND 1 D n<>0 THEN GO TO 2000 275 IF n=0 AND L<>0 AND p<>0 AN D i >> O THEN GO TO SOO 277 GO TO 30

Calc Payment

285 LET i=i/1200 290 LET p=INT (((L*i)/(1-(1+i)* (-n))+0.005)=100)/100 300 LET p=1NI (p=100)/100 310 PRINT AT 11,5; " ": LE T P\$=STR\$ P: PRINT AT 11,5; QUER 1 : PS 320 GD TD 3000 500 REM

Calc No. of Payments 510 LET i-i/1200: LET n-100: LE 520 LET P1=INT (((L=1)/(1-(1+1) *(-N))+0.005)*100)/100 525 IF n>1000 THEN PRINT AT 9, 4; FLASH 1;" Payment is too smal 1! ": BEEP .1,1: PAUSE 120: LET 1=ir: LET c=4: PRINT AT 17,12;" ": LET n=0: GO SUB 8000: GO TO 50 530 IF p1>p THEN LET n=n+dn: G O TO SZO 540 LET n=n-dn: LET dn-dn/4: LE T n=n+dn: IF dn>=0.5 THEN GO TO 550 LET n=INT (n+,8): IF n<=480

THEN PRINT AT 9,4;" ": PRI NT AT 9,4;n: GO TO 3000 550 PRINT AT 9,4; FLASH 1;" Pay ment is too small! ": BEEP .1,1 : PAUSE 120: LET i=ir: LET c=4: PRINT AT 17,12;" ": LET n= O: GO SUB BOOO: GO TO 50 1000 REM

Calc Loan

1010 LET 1=1/1200 1020 LET L=p*(1-(1+i)*(-n))/i 1030 LET L-INT (L-100)/100 1040 PRINT AT 5.5:" ET LS-STRS L: PRINT AT 5,5; OVER 1:LS 1050 GD TO 3000 2000 REM Calc Interest 2010 LET 1-0.010 2020 FOR J-1 TO BO 2030 LET I2-p*(1-(1+i)+(-n))/L

2040 LET 1-(1+12)/2 2050 NEXT J 2050 LET 1-INT (1-120000)/100 2070 LET IS-STRS I: PRINT AT 7,4;" ": PRINT AT 7,4; DUER 1;I

2075 LET 1-1/1200 2077 IF p<(L/n) THEN PRINT AT 9 11: ": BEEP .1,1: PAUSE 120: LE I i i : LET c-4: PRINT AT 17,12; ": LET i = 0: GO SUB 8000: GD TO 50

2080 BD TO 3000 3000 PRINT AT 17,0; "Press ""C"" to COPY, any other key to contin ue.": PAUSE 0: LET iS-INKEYS: IF 15-"C" OR 15-"C" THEN COPY : G

0 TO 3000

3010 GD TO 20 8000 PLDT 30,155: DRAW 200,0: DR AW 0,-80: DRAW -200,0: DRAW 0,80 : PLDT 28,157: DRAW 204,0: DRAW 0,-84: DRAW -204,0: DRAW 0,84: P RINT AT 3,5; "Loan Terms"

BOOS PRINI AI 5,4; "\$"; loan; IAB 1 6; "Loan Amount"; AI 7,4; ir; IAB 10 ; "2 Annual Interest"; AI 9,4; n; IA B 10; "Number of Payments"; AT 11, 4; "S"; p; TAB 13; "Monthly Payment" RETURN

9999 SAUE "Interest" LINE S



TIME ZONES

WILLIAM C. ANDREWS

This program determines time differences is global location, BASE to DESTINATION. These are listed in lines 530 - 540. The difference in CHRs 1 and 2 were taken from the Telephone Directory. More may be added if desired. Time is entered in Greenwich Mean Time. ENTER will advance time 1 minute. BREAK will return to menu.

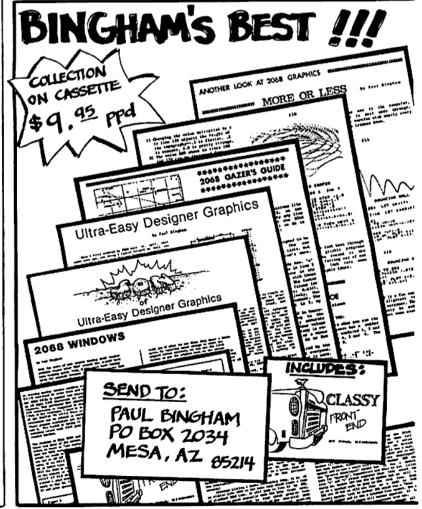
10 GO SUB 5000
20 LET nc=1: REM NUMBER C
OLOR
30 LET tc=2: REM TITLE COLO
R
40 LET np=1: REM No. POSITI
ON
50 LET tl=0: REM WHOLE MENU
tl=1 means TITLE
ONLY
60 LET 1=1: LET D=0

70 BORDER 6: INK 0: PAPER 7: C

110 GO SUB 290: PAPER tc: BRIGH T 1: PRINT AT 1, (31-(LEN q\$+2))/ 2; "F"; [O\$(TO LEN q\$); """ 120 PRINT AT 1+1, (31-(LEN q\$+2))/2; "";] INK 9; q\$; INK 0; """ 130 PRINT AT 1+2, (31-(LEN q\$+2))/2; ""; r\$(TO LEN q\$); "d": PAPE R 7: BRIGHT 0; IF tl=1 THEN RET URN

140 RESTORE 530: FOR N=1 TO 13: READ 25: PRINT AT 5+N,1; PAPER nc; INK 9; BRIGHT 1;" "; CHR\$ (64 +N); "-"; PAPER 7; BRIGHT Ø;" ";z \$ (3 TO): NEXT N 150 RESTORE 540: FOR N=14 TO 26 # READ B#: PRINT AT N-8,16; PAPE R nc; INK 9; BRIGHT 1;" "; CHR# (64+N): "-": PAPER 7: BRIGHT 0:" " ; 9 (3 TO): NEXT N 155 ON ERR RESET 160 PRINT #1; TAB 9; PAPER 6; IN K Ø; " ENTER CHOICE ": GO SUB 290 170 PAUSE 0: LET t1-1: LET Z#-1 NKEY* 175 ON ERR GO TO 20 180 IF D=0 AND Z\$<CHR\$ 45 OR D= Ø AND ZS>CHRS 90 THEN GO TO 20 190 IF D=1 AND Z\$<CHR\$ 65 CR D= 1 AND ZS>CHRS 90 THEN GO TO 580 200 CLB 210 IF Z\$="S" THEN GO TO 300 220 LET X=0 230 FOR n=65 TO 90 240 LET X=X+1 250 IF D=0 AND CHR\$ n=2\$ THEN

READY NOW! FROM A#8#8#A ÎNCLUDES: Form 1040, 1040A & EZ Sch. A, B & R * Forms 2106, 2441 Automatic Calculation Income Tax Liability, Child Care Credit Tax-able Social Security, Earned In-come Credit *Multiple W-2 & 1099 Entry * 2040 Compatible * More * Face Manual Transfer to all Official Texas * * Easy Manual Transfer to all Official Internal Revenue Forms * \$29.50 Postpaid Only -1st Class Hail-Timex 2068 /Sinclair Computer OWIK-1040 will calculate allowable IRA's Interest & deductions This program was designed with the taxpayer in mind. It is easy for you to accurately prepare your own income tax return EVEN IF YOU HAVE NEVER DONE IT BEFORE! It is also sophisticated enough to be used to prepare returns for others, with or without experiience. An ideal teaching tool for tax and accounting students. START YOUR OWN TAX PREPARATION BUSINESS, betails included! IF YOU ARE ORDERING LATE: Ask we for a FREE Automatic Extension Form that will give you an additional 4-months to file your 1040 GUARANTEE: IF you must pay any fine or penalty as a DIRECT RESULT of Using "QWIK-1040", I will pay Herb Bovers, S Such fine or penalty for you. Herb Bovers, Sc. 5chedules "C", "D", "E", "SE", & Forms 2119, 2210,3903,4137,4255,4562,4972,8582,8598, 8615 available in February and the CHECK OR MONEY ORDER, March (US Funds) **BITHOSE** Sr. Circle 23323 AB HERB BOWERS, 2588 Woodshire Chesapeake, VΑ Phone: 804 487-5924 DSOFTO



GO TO 430



260 IF Del AND CHR\$ n=Z\$ THEN GO TO 480 270 NEXT D

280 CLS : GO TO 20 290 PLOT 0,0: DRAW 0,175: DRAW 255.0: DRAW 0.~175: DRAW -255.0: RETURN

300 ON ERR RESET : BORDER 6: PA PER 6: CLS : PRINT AT 5,12; PAPE R 1; INK 9; BRIGHT 1; " SAVE? "; A T 10,7; PAPER 2; " 1 "; PAPER 6; BRIGHT #1" ON MICROWAFER ": AT 12 ,13;" OR ";AT 14,7; PAPER 2; BRI GHT 1;" 2 "; PAPER 6; BRIGHT Ø;" TAPE CASSETTE ": PAUSE Ø

310 LET BS=INKEYS: IF BS="2" TH EN GO TO 340

320 BORDER 1: PAPER 1: CLS : PR INT AT 10,10; PAPER 2; INK 9; FL ASH 1; " RECORDING "

330 SAVE "42, TIME" LINE 20: GO TO 20

340 ON ERR GO TO 390: BORDER Ø : PAPER Ø: CLS : PRINT AT 11,10; PAPER 2: INK 9: FLASH 1:" RECOR DING "

350 SAVE "TIME" LINE 20

360 BORDER 1: PAPER 1: CLS : PR INT INK 7:AT 9.2; "REWIND TAPE--PRESS ANY KEY TO"" TAB 5; "VERIF Y OR BREAK TO STOP"

370 PAUSE 0: CLS : PRINT AT 11, 10; INK 6; FLASH 1; " VERIFYING "
380 INK 1: VERIFY "": PRINT AT
11,6; PAPER 2; INK 9; " RECORDING 18 O.K. ": BEEP .5,10: PAUSE 20 0: INK 0: GO TO 20 390 FOR n=1 TO 10: BEEP .1,-20-

n: BORDER 1: PAPER 1: CLS : PRIN T PAPER 1; INK 7; FLASH 1; AT 11

400 BORDER 2: PAPER 2: CLS : PR INT PAPER 2; INK 7; FLASH 1; AT 11,10;" TAPE ERROR ": NEXT n

410 PAUSE 200

420 ON ERR RESET : GO TO 20

430 RESTORE : FOR a=1 TO 26

440 READ B9

450 IF a=X THEN LET I=VAL B*(TO 2)

460 IF a=X THEN LET s\$=B\$(3 TO): GD TO 580

470 NEXT a 480 RESTORE : FOR n=1 TO 26

490 READ D\$

500 IF n=x THEN LET J=VAL D+(TO 2)

510 IF nax THEN LET fs=Ds(3 TO): GO TO 600

520 NEXT n 530 DATA "08SAN FRANCISCO". "06C HICAGO", "Ø5NEW YORK", "Ø7DENVER", "10HAWAII", "-BLONDON", "-1FRANCE"

"-BHONGKONG", "-9JAPAN", "-8SINGA PORE", "-9AUSTRALIA", "-15FAIN", " 2GREEĆE"

540 DATA "06NEW ORLEANS", "-11TA LY","-1GERMANY","06MEXICO","-1NO RWAY"," SAVE","-8PHILIPPINES"," -7THAILAND","-3TURKEY","03ARGENT INA","X","Y","Z" 550 RESTORE 540: FOR b=1 TO 26

560 READ zs: IF b=X THEN LET d #=z#(3 TO)

570 NEXT b

: LET qs="DESTINATION": LET t1=0 590 CLS : GO TO 90

600 CLB : GO SUB 290: PRINT AT 2,13;" BASE "

620 RESTORE 680: DIM U\$ (7,9): P

RINT AT 9,11; "WHAT DAY?"
630 FOR n=1 TO 3: READ U\$(n)
640 PRINT AT 10+(n\$2),2; PAPER 2; INK 9; BRIGHT 1;" ";n;" "; BR IGHT 0; PAPER 7;" ";U\$(n): NEXT

650 FOR n=4 TO 6: READ U\$(n) 660 PRINT AT 10+((n-3)*2),16; P APER 2; INK 9; BRIGHT 1;" ";n;" "; BRIGHT 0; PAPER 7;" ";U\$(n):

670 READ U\$ (7): PRINT AT 18,9; PAPER 2; INK 9; BRIGHT 1;" ";7;"
"; BRIGHT 0; FAPER 7;" ";U\$(7)

680 DATA "SUNDAY ", "MONDAY
", "TUESDAY ", "WEDNESDAY", "THURS
DAY ", "FRIDAY ", "SATURDAY " VAL INKEYS: LET CS=US(W): LET YS

∞U\$ (₩) 700 GO SUB 7000

720>PRINT AT 14, 10;" ENTER TIME

750 LET V=G

770 IF H>12 THEN LET T=H-12 780 IF G>12 THEN LET V=G-12

790 IF H>11 AND H<24 THEN LET

815 IF M=Ø THEN LET M=6Ø

820 PRINT AT 14,1; E\$; AT 16,1; E\$ 830 GO SUB 5180

840 GD SUB 8000

K\$="PM"

LS="PM"

T M=1

T T=T+1

920 IF M>59 THEN LET G=G+1: LE T U=U+1

950 IF G=24 THEN LET Y\$=U\$(W+1

96Ø IF H=24 THEN PRINT AT R. 1:

97Ø IF G=24 THEN PRINT AT 18.1 ; Y\$

T=12

580 LET D=1: LET nc=2: LET tc=1

610 LET 1=4; LET q\$=\$\$; GO SUB

NEXT n

690 GO BUB 290: PAUSE 0: LET W-

710 PRINT AT 8,1; C4; ": "

";AT 16,9;"(24 HOUR MODE)" 730 INPUT "HOUR ";H

740 GO SUB 1110

K\$="PM"

BOO IF G>11 AND G<24 THEN LET Lse"PM"

810 INPUT "MINUTES ";M

850 LET K#="AM": LET L#="AM"

860 IF H>11 AND H<24 THEN LET

870 IF G>11 AND G<24 THEN LET

880 GO SUB 6000 890 PAUSE P

900 LET M=M+1: IF M>60 THEN LE

910 IF M>59 THEN LET H=H+1: LE

930 IF W=7 THEN LET W=0

940 IF H=24 THEN LET C\$=U\$(W+1

C#

98Ø IF H>24 THEN LET Hel: LET

990 IF G>24 THEN LET G=1: LET V=12 1000 IF H=1 AND H<13 THEN LET T 1010 IF G=1 AND G<13 THEN LET V 1020 IF H=24 THEN LET K#="AM" 1030 IF G=24 THEN LET L\$="AM" 1040 IF H>12 THEN LET T=H-12 1050 IF G>12 THEN LET V=G-12

1060 IF H>11 AND H<24 THEN LET K4="PM" 1070 IF G>11 AND G<24 THEN LET

L.\$= "PM"

I BBB GO BUB 6000

1090 GO SUB 8000: GO SUB 6000 1100 GO TO 830

1110 LET F=(I-J)

1120 LET G=H+F 1130 IF H>24 THEN LET H=H-24: L ET K\$=U\$ (W+1)

1140 IF G>24 THEN LET G=G-24: L ET Y==U\$ (W+1)

1150 RETURN

5000 DIM H# (24,2) 5010 FOR H=1 TO 24: LET H\$(H)=ST R\$ H: IF H(10 THEN LET H\$(H)="0

"+STR# H 5020 IF H=24 THEN LET H\$(H)="00

5030 NEXT H

5040 DIM G\$ (24, 2)

5050 FOR G=1 TO 24: LET G\$(G)=ST R\$ G: IF G(10 THEN LET G\$(G)="0

"+STR# G 5060 IF G=24 THEN LET G\$(G) = "00

5070 NEXT G 5080 DIM T\$(12,2) 5090 FOR T=1 TO 12; LET T\$(T)=ST R\$ T: IF T(10 THEN LET T\$(T)=" "+STR\$ T

5100 NEXT T

511Ø DIM V*(12,2)

5120 FOR V=1 TO 12: LET V#(V)=ST R\$ V: IF V(10 THEN LET V\$(V)=" "+STR# V

513Ø NEXT V

5140 DIM M# (60,2) 5150 FOR M=1 TO 60: LET M+(M)=ST RS M: IF M(10 THEN LET MS(M)="8

"+STR\$ M 5160 IF M=60 THEN LET M\$(M)="00

517Ø NEXT M

5180 LET R=8: LET C=14

5190 LET P=3515 5200 RETURN

6000 PRINT AT R,C-11":":AT R,C+1 Ø1"1"

6010 PRINT AT R+10, C-1; ": ": AT R+ 10,C+10;":"

6020 PRINT AT R.C+4: "OR" 6030 PRINT AT R+10,C+4; "OR"

6040 PRINT AT R,C+14;K\$
6050 PRINT AT R+10,C+14;L\$

6060 PRINT AT R,C-3;H#(H);AT R,C +B; T\$ (T)

6070 PRINT AT R+10, C-3; G\$(G); AT R+1Ø,C+8;V\$(V)

6080 PRINT AT R,C;M\$(M);AT R,C+1 1:M\$ (M) 6090 PRINT AT R+10, C; M\$ (M); AT R+

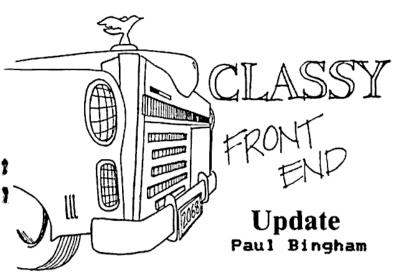
10,C+11;M\$ (M) 6100 RETURN

7000 DIM E\$ (29) 7010 FOR N=8 TO 20 7020 PRINT AT N,1;E8

7030 NEXT N: RETURN 8000 PRINT AT 12,10; "DESTINATION

8010 LET 1=14: LET qs=fs: LET t1 =1: LET tc=2: GO SUB 110: LET tl

= 21 8020 PRINT AT 18,1; Y#; ":" 8030 RETURN



Greetings and salutations! We begin the new year with discussing a bug in Part Four (NOV/DEC issue of TDM). That's right, a bug, and the funny thing is nobody noticed it all this time, not even me. But this publication is blessed with some astute readers like Lou Dooley of Ocala, Florida who was kind enough to write.

It is only one byte, but in machine code, one byte can be the only loose nut you need for a real crash. This byte is located on page 17 of the last issue in Listing 1. Find line 130 (a DATA statement) of Listing One. At the end of the first line is the number 136. See it? Well, he's our bug...it should read 137. Now all the latest copies of "BINGHAN'S BEST" don't have a bug, and those owners of the

early version were all sent cards before Christmas to make them aware of it. But for all of you who type in listings yourselves, you may want to make the change. If not, the ERROR C routine, should you

ever use it, could put an extraneous character in memory. If you then rerun the program, this could give you a strange lock-up, a crash, or the like.

give you a strange lock-up, a crash, or the like.

Lou also came up with a great little two byte alteration. What it does is solve the dilemma of having to program the USER print calls and the REMs containing all the characters to be printed in two different lines. It can now be all in one line like this:

2000 IF USER print THEN REM AT 2, 10; ABC-123*

Here's all you need to do: Find Classy Front End Part 3 in the Sept/Oct '87 issue. On page 20 look for Listing 1. In line 20 (a DATA statement) the second line reads: ,35,i19,42,85,92,i,5,...and so on. Change the 85 to 93 and the 5 to 2. That's all there is to it! (Remember all lines must be typed in the new way as shown above once you have made this change. The program will not accept lines written the old way.) This little modification seems to work well. Thanks Lou!

Next issue is dedicated to GRAPHICS and so it seems an appropriate time to jump into the next level of CFE programming: WINDOWS. Until next time, keep working on new ideas for CLASSY. Please feel free to send me any of them or questions you might have. If you wish to use CLASSY but want to avoid all the typing, it is included on my "BINGHAM'S BEST" cassette (along with other machine code and BASIC programs from past articles in TDM). The cost is \$9.95 ppd. My address is: Paul Bingham, PG Box 2034, Mesa, AZ 85214.

"Beyond the User Manual"

CK Type 1000

Earl V. Dunnington

My thanks to Stan Lemke for giving me permission to use his CK TYPE program that I have modified for the smaller Sinclair computers. This gives me the opportunity to present a very practical program, illustrating the use of some of the things covered in my recent "Your RAM Memory" series, and to dispel the myth that only line numbers from 1 to 9999 can be used in Timex Sinclair computers.

Three different versions of the program will be presented. Two BASIC versions, one using line numbers less than 10000, and one using line numbers 10000 and over. Due to the space required, a Machine Code version, compiled from BASIC will be presented in the next episode.

The BASIC versions require at least 2K RAM, and the MC version at least 16K RAM, and the 2040 printer. This program will help in debugging programs typed in from listings if the author has provided a CK TYPE listing made with this or a similar program.

At this point, please read paragraphs i to 5 and 8 of Stan's CK TYPE article on page i3 of the MAY/JUNE '87 issue of TIME DESIGNS.

Continuing Stan's illustration labeling, Listing "E" is his CK TYPE program in BASIC as modified for the TS1000/1500. If you do not have "The ZX Compiler" (copyright 1983, Bob Berch, Cinagro Software, 155 Seventh St., Rochester, NY 14609), delete line 9999, as this is for use by the compiler. The variable names had to be changed as the compiler allows only two letters, or one letter and a number designations. I chose to use the first and last letters of the variable names as assigned by Stan. Those readers who do have the compiler

should delete line 9996, as there is no way of continuing the MC program after the screen is filled and you get an error 5/ report (without rewriting the program). Those readers who do not have the compiler should go to the next paragraph without typing in Listing "E". Those who chose to type in this listing should save it to tape with the direct command: SAVE "CKTYPE" then press ENTER. RUN the program in the FAST mode. You should get a listing on the screen and on the printer that agrees with Listing "F".

Many authors have stated that you can only use line numbers from 1 to 9999. This is partially correct, as when typing a program into the computer, the syntax check will only allow the use of these line numbers. By POKEing the first two bytes of a program line that has been stored (High Byte then Low Byte) you can change the original line numbers. See the diagram of how each program line is stored on page 128 of the ZX81/TS1000 and page 155 of the TS:500 User Manuals. There are some restrictions on the use of line numbers, higher than 9999, by this I will cover these in my article on the Program Area of the BASIC system at a later date. Once changed to a line number greater than 9999, the line cannot be edited nor can you delete it without POKEing the line number back to 9999 or lower. The reason for Changing line numbers, is so that they will not interfere with the line numbers of the will not interfere with the

will not interfere with the line numbers of the program to be typed in from a listing.

Listing "G" is the program used to produce the final CK TYPE 1000 program in BASIC. In order to save memory, line 9999 was deleted and lines 9980

to 9998 of Listing "F'" was revised using the program "KRUNCHER 1000" (copyright S&K Software, from RMG Enterprises, 1419 1/2 7th St., Oregon City, OR 97045):

1. Type in Listing "G".

- 2. Using the direct command: GOTO 9980 operate program. A CK TYPE listing will be displayed on the screen. When the screen is filled you will get a 5/ error report and the printer, if connected will
- 3. Check the display or the printout against Listing "H". 4. Press
- 4. Press the C key and then press ENTER. The remainder of the listing will be displayed and printed if the printer is on.

5. Check against the rest of Listing "H".

- 6. After making any corrections, change the 9983 in line 9998 to 10003.
- 7. Operate lines 10 to 100 of the program by using the direct command: RUN.
- 8. Delete lines 10 to 100 and LLIST or LIST the program. It should agree with Listing "I".
- 9. RUN the program and you should get a CK TYPE
- listing that agrees with Listing "J".

 10. Press CLEAR and ENTER. Save the program on tape using the direct command: SAVE "CKTYPE"
- tape using the direct command: SAVE "CKTYPE"

 11. Determine the total number of bytes in the Program area by using the direct command: PRINT (PEEK i6396+256*PEEK 16397)-16509 Then press ENTER. The result should be 359. This value will be used when deleting the CK TYPE program lines and should be permanently recorded.

You now have the final BASIC version of CK TYPE 1000 on tape. You must load it before typing a published program listing that has a check type listing included with it. Do not use line number 9999, as it will be used to delete the CK TYPE program lines. If you do not wish to delete those lines, you may have to use that line for a STOP. Once you have typed in a program listing, you can obtain a CK TYPE listing by using the direct command: GOTO 1000 If the listing stops because of a full screen, press the CONT (C key), then press ENTER.

To delete the CK TYPE lines you must determine the address of the second byte of the start of these program lines. As you found before, these lines occupy 359 bytes. If we subtract 358 bytes from the address contained in the system variable D_FILE this will give you the address of the second byte of the first line of the CK TYPE program lines. Type the following direct command: PRINT (PEEK 16396+256*PEEK 16397)-358 Then press ENTER. POKE this address with 15 (decimal). This will change the line number from 10000 to 9999. Now you can delete this line. Continue POKEing 15 to the same address and delete the rest of the lines.

If you have a program on tape and wish to make a CK TYPE listing for it, you must have a "MERGE" utility program, the compiled version loaded above RAMTOP, or type in the CK TYPE program from the listing. If the line numbers will not conflict, this would be easier to do from Listing "E", after deleting lines 9996 and 9999.

We will continue this discussion in the next issue of TDM.

```
Check type

30 LET LOWBYTE=LOWBYTE-1

90 NEXT N

100 STOP

9980 LET ST=VAL "16509"

9981 LET SP=VAL "256"*PEEK VAL "

16397"+PEEK VAL "16396"

9983 LET BT=ST

9983 LET LE=NOT PI

9984 LET LH=NOT PI

9984 LET SM=NOT PI

9985 LET SM=NOT PI

9986 LET LE=VAL "256"*PEEK BT+PE

EK (BT+SGN PI)

9987 LET BY=BT+VAL "2"

9988 LET LH=VAL "256"*PEEK (BT+S

GN PI)+PEEK BT

9990 LET OD=SGN PI

9991 FOR I=SGN PI TO LH

9992 LET SM=(SM+OD+SGN PI+PEEK

BT

000 157 OD=NOT OD
                                   LISTING E
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              LISTING J
9980 LET ST=16509
9981 LET SP=256+PEEK 16397+PEEK
16395
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10001
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              2086
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              599
762
765
777
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10002
10390
9982 LET BT=$T
9983 LET LE=0
9984 LET LH=0
9985 LET $M=0
9986 LET LE=256*PEEK BT+PEEK (BT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10003
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10005
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1809
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10006
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10007
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              859
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         24
12
7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1812
859
 +11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10008
               LET BT=BT+2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   10009
9988 LET LH=256 + PEEK (BT+1) + PEEK
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10010
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              758
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ģ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10011
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1025
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1391
792
882
412
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         19
8
 9989
               LET BT=BT+2
9990 LET 00=1
9990 LET 0D=1
9991 FOR I=1 TO LH
9992 LET SM=(SM+QD+1)+PEEK BT
9993 LET 0D=NOT OD
9994 LET BT=BT+1
9995 NEXT I
9996 PRINT LE;TAB 6;": ";LH;TAB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10013
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         10
3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10015
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         33
33
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10016
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1846
1826
                                                                                                      BT

9993 LET OD=NOT OD

9994 LET BT=BT+5GN PI

9995 NEXT I

9996 PRINT LE;TAB URL "6";". ",L

H;TAB UAL "13";": ";SM

9997 LPRINT LE;TAB VAL "6";".";

LH;TAB UAL "13";": ";SM

9998 IF BT<SP THEN GOTO VAL "998
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10018
            "; SM
"LPRINT LE; TAB 6; ": "; LH; TAB
 13;
9997
13; ": "; SM
8988 IF BT(SP THEN GOTO 9983
             RETURN
                                   LISTING F
                       16
40
7
                                            1196
2293
9980
                                                                                                                  LISTING H
9981
9982
                                             599
                                                                                                                                                   2808
9983
9984
9985
                                            642
                        12122525252
                                                                                                                               19
18
34
24
29
                                            645
657
1874
                                                                                                                                                                                                              LISTING I
                                                                                                                                                   1098
                                                                                                        30
                                                                                                                                                                                    A000 LET ST=UAL "16509"
A001 LET SP=VAL "256"*PEEK UAL "
16397"+PEEK UAL "16396"
A002 LET BT=ST
A003 LET LE=NOT PI
A004 LET LH=NOT PI
A005 LET SM=NOT PI
A006 LET LE=UAL "256"*PEEK BT+PE
EK (BT+SGN PI)
                                                                                                       40
                                                                                                                                                   2190
2186
9986
9986
9988
9988
9989
                                            901
1877
901
774
                                                                                                                                                   1154
1136
                                                                                                        70
                                                                                                                                                   1445
417
348
                                                                                                        åø
                                                                                                                               3
                                             1041
1407
792
                                                                                                        180
 9992
                        24
                                                                                                        9980
                                                                                                                               131
7777
                                                                                                                                                    892
 9993
                        8
                                                                                                        9981
                                                                                                                                                    2086
                                                                                                                                                                                    EK (BT+SGN PI)
A007 LET BT=BT+VAL "2"
A008 LET LH=VAL "256"*PEEK (BT+S
                        ĭ5
                                             899
                                                                                                                                                    599
                                                                                                        9982
                                             412
2076
 9995
                                                                                                        9983
 9998
                        ž9
                                                                                                        9984
                                                                                                                                                    765
777
                                                                                                                                                                                    H000 LET LH=UHL "250"*PEEK (B) +3
GN PI) +PEEK BT
A009 LET BT=BT+UAL "2"
A010 LET OD=SGN PI
A011 FOR I=SGN PI TO LH
A012 LET SM=(SM+OD+SGN PI) +PEEK
                                             2056
1787
375
 9997
                        39
                                                                                                        9985
                        19
 8998
                                                                                                                                                    1809
                                                                                                                               12
                                                                                                                                                   859
1812
                                                                                                        9987
                                                                                                        9988
                                                                                                                                                   859
758
                                                                                                        9989
                           LISTING G
                                                                                                                                                                                    BT
A013 LET OD=NOT OD
A014 LET BT=BT+SGN PI
A015 NEXT I
A016 PRINT LE;TAB UAL "6";": ";L
H;TAB UAL "13";": ";SM
A017 LPRINT LE;TAB UAL "6";": ";
LH;TAB UAL "13";": ";SM
A018 IF BT (SP THEN GOTO VAL "100
03"
                                                                                                        9990
 10 LET START=(256*PEEK 16397+P
EEK 16396)-2
20 LET HIGHBYTE=39
30 LET LOUEYTE=34
40 FOR N=START TO START-358 ST
                                                                                                        9991
                                                                                                                                                    1025
1391
792
382
                                                                                                                               19
                                                                                                        9992
                                                                                                                                10
      50 IF PEEK N > 118 TH
50 POKE N+1, HIGHBYTE
70 POKE N+2, LOWBYTE
                                                                                                       9996
9996
9998
 EP
                                                                                                                                33336
16
                                                                                                                                                     412
                                                                                                                                                     1846
                                                           THEN GOTO 90
                                                                                                                                                    1826
1434
```

Inside the PC 8300

Bruce C. Taylor



The first impression of the PC 8300, by anyone in love with the Sinclair 2X81/TS1000, has to be a good impression. After all, for only \$30 you have in your hands a 2X81 'clone'. Actually, it's quite flattering for any computer to be cloned, especially one that costs so little.

On the outside, the PC 8300 has some nice features (when compared with the ZX81/TS1000). These features include the LED power on indicator, the RESET button, the sound capability and the "almost real" keyboard.

Inside, the PC 8300 is quite different from its ancestors. I am always accused of "opening the case first" when I see a new product. I had to open the case when the display did not function correctly upon first turning on my new PC 8300. I removed the screws from the bottom half of the case and partially separated the two halves. I noticed there was a signal diode (15914/164148 type) mounted on the circuit board near a '50HZ' marking. I took an educated guess that this diode was for operation in a 50HZ power line environment but not a 60HZ environment. My guess was correct as removal of the diode caused the computer display to work correctly both with TV and monitor. You may be saying, "Vait, the power to the computer is direct current (DC), rectified by the external power supply!" I can only speculate that the video output signal modification is for 50HZ power with and 60HZ power without the diode.

I quickly learned that the wires connecting the keyboard to the main circuit board were not properly soldered. I then had to resolder the wires in order to get the keyboard to properly respond.

I also noticed that the main circuit board was remarkably 'clean', meaning it didn't have very many components present. Of particular note was the lack of clock components, normally

consisting of a crystal and some capacitors and resistors. I noted no chips marked as a '280' CPU. My conclusion was that the Central Processing Unit included the clock and possibly other components on the same chip.

Another disturbing feature of the computer is there is no manufacturer or place of origin marked anywhere. The box and manual also omit any identification. The PC 8300 is apparently an illegal or quasi legal copy of the Sinclair machine.

Anyone can solder together some components and call it a computer. However, the real inside of a computer is what is in the Read Only Memory or operating system. As those who have already used a PC 8300 know, the machine lacks exclusive use of single key entry BASIC words. I find this feature a real step backwards from the original. I have used many expensive desk top computers but none match the BASIC language keyboard entry speed achieved by Sinclair machines. On the other hand, the entry of PC 8300 BASIC statements can run together and the system sorts them out. For example, the operating system recognizes the entry "10FORE=1TO100" as "10 FOR N = 1 TO 100."

The single most outstanding feature of the computer is the reset button which starts a 'warm' reset of the system. A 'warm' reset allows you to reset the computer without dumping the program from memory. This feature is especially good when testing the machine code routines I use in robot control. With an assembly code error on Sinclair computers the keyboard locks up and you have to remove power and reload the program. On the PC 8300, simply press 'reset' to exit the assembly routine and return to BASIC without dumping what is in memory.

The instruction manual is very thick and probably well written. However, I don't read the Far East language the manual uses. There are a few charts and tables in the manual that are readable, because of their arabic numbering and english keyetrokelegends.

The operating system may have some improvements, but these improvements may cause problems. Comparing the character set/code chart of the PC 8300 with a Sinclair will show the two computers are not 100% compatible. For example, the code for THEW is 64 in the PC 8300 and 222 in the TS1000. Nost of the ROM codes match but the few differences will prevent some basic programs running properly.

One of the biggest incompatibilities inside the PC 8300 is the way it assigns internal memory locations. This difference, surprisingly, does not prevent the Sinclair 16K RAM pack from being used on the PC 8300. The primary reason for the compatibility is because the external bus connector on the PC 8300 is pin compatible with the TS1000. This also allows use of

the TS1000 printers and the Budget Robotics & computing RX81 input/output board on the PC 8300. However, even though the external connector is pin compatible, it is not 100% signal compatible. Either electrical characteristics of some PC 8300 signals are different or internal operating system bandling of these signals differs from the TS1000. The result is that some peripherals will not work with the PC 8300 without hardware modification. The Budget Robotics Buffered Buss Expansion board is one example.

Now, back to the memory allocation incompatibilities. When writing machine code routines for the TS1000, you can POKE code directly into a 1 REM statement starting at address 16514. This will not work on the PC 8300. For some strange reason, on the PC 8300, this location moves up 793 bytes to 17307. Also, in preparing an empty 1 REM statement on the PC 8300 you can't just enter blank spaces like on the TS1000. Instead, you must enter quotation marks at the beginning and end of the blank statement on the PC 8300.

The PC 8300 is a good machine with both advantages and disadvantages when compared to the Sinclair ZX81 and Timex/Sinclair 1000. Vill parts be available if you want to repair a PC 8300? I doubt it. As most have handled the TS1000 repair problem, just toss it and get another. The price is right.

TIPS ON ZX81/TS1000 COMPUTER REPAIR

Bruce C. Taylor

The following is a brief record of things that go wrong with ZX81/TS1000 computers and how to recognize and fix them.

Your first clue as to what's wrong is what does or doesn't come up on the screen. If nothing comes up on the screen, check to see that the TV and computer have the same channel selected. Suspect a bad power adapter if channel selection is OK. Another possibility is the RF modulator (the shiny box inside the computer), but I have yet to see one of these fail.

To take the computer apart, remove the 3 to 5 screws from the bottom and separate the top and bottom halves. Two of the screws are under rubbar feet. You have to do this if you want to fix it. The top half will have the computer printed circuit board attached. The first thing to check is the shiny grounding strip on the bottom of the circuit board. Sometimes one end (the end near the edge connection) breaks away from the circuit board. If so, reposition it and resolder it to the board. In nearly all repairs you will have access the top of the circuit board. Do this by taking the screws (usually 3) from the bottom of the circuit board. After removing the, slowly separate the case top from the circuit board being careful not to damage the keyboard ribbon connections. At this point you have two choices on how to

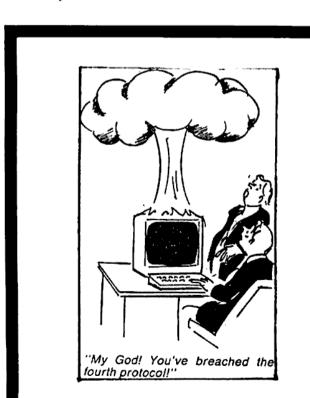
proceed. If you pull the two keyboard ribbon cables from their connectors, you risk damage. You may (1) tear them or (2) not be able to reinsert them properly with out damaging the ends. The risk is either damaging the connections or damaging the connections. One alternative is to set the board and case top on their edges. This leaves a small space between the halves to get at the components on the board. However, you also risk damaging the ribbon connections this way too. This is one reason Budget Robotics sells replacement membrane keyboards.

Now, what will need fixing? If you have damaged keyboard ribbon connections (they get brittle from the heat sometimes), replace the keyboard. However, a common mistake in diagnosing a computer problem is to assume that if the keyboard doesn't respond, the keyboard is bad. If a group of keys in one area of the keyboard are the only ones that don't work, it's a bad keyboard. Replace IC1 if none of the keys work (and the connection is OK) or if keys only fail in a shifted mode. Integrated circuit chip number 1 is one of the two largest chips and always socketed. In fact, IC1 is the most common component \$\theta\$ fail.

The CPU (the other large one, marked Z80 on top) is the second most susceptible to failure.

The other IC chips on the board rarely fail. These chips and the RON (read only memory chip with the operating system inside: and the RAM (random access memory chip). Some machines have one, and some two RAN chips.

That is a corporate dump of the repair experience we have, good luck in you efforts.



Spectrum 128k Basic

Michael J. Felerski

Now that more and wore Spectrum: 128k's are working their way into this country, (and I happen to own one of them) I think the time has come to take a look at 128 Basic. I know what you're thinking—just when you thought you had 2068 Basic and Spectrum Basic figured out and separated, along comes something new that makes you consider becoming just a user. Don't Panic: 128 Basic is a small yet strong step forward in Sinclair programming.

Now for a little trackground on the Spectrum+ 128K machines. The Spectrum 128K machines come in three versions. The Spectrum+, The +2, and the +3. All three machines operate in a dual mode, either 48 Basic or 126 Basic. An introductory menu is displayed during powerup or reset. This menu asks if you wish to use the tape loader, enter 128 Basic, enter the calculator mode, enter 48 Basic mode, or run the Tape Tester. You select by using the Up and Down arrows to highlight your choice and the Enter key to select it.

Upon choosing 128 Basic mode, the screen is cleared and the Sinclair copyright is displayed at the bottom. 128 Basic is very simular to 48 Basic except that it contains some extra commands. So if you are a wix at 48 Basic, you should have no trouble writing in 128 Basic. The first thing to know about 128 Basic is that it does not use the famous Binclair one key for a keyword entry system. Each key word has to be typed in letter by letter. Also noted is that the TRUE VIDEO and INVERSE VIDEO keys are not used in 128 Basic. Inverse effects are obtained by using the 128 keywords INVERSE I and INVERSE O.

In 128 Basic, EXTEND MODE is only used for a few symbols shown above the letters on the keys, such as C. The GRAPHICS mode works the same except that you can not use the cursor control arrows until you leave the GRAPHICS mode. In addition, color control codes can not be used as in 48 Basic. This means that you can not type EXTEND MODE + CAPS SHIFT and a numeric key to change the color of text or graphics in the middle of composing a line of 128 Basic code. Instead you must use the color keywords. Let it also be noted that some PEEKs and POKEs may not work the same in 128 Basic as in 48 Basic.

128 Basic allows the programmer to enter program lines in either upper case or lower case letters. Syntax checking is done in the same manner as in 48 Basic. Editing program lines is quite simple and is done using the cursor keys for movement. If you have the optional Keypad there are several additional cursor operations available. These additional operations are, move cursor right to the begining of the next word, move cursor up ten lines of the program, move to the end of a program line, etc.

The EDIT key brings up an Options menu that offers the following commands; return to 128 Basic, Renumber, Screen, Print, and Exit. '128 Basic' returns you to the program listing. 'Renumber' alters the line numbers of the current Basic program starting at line ten and incrementing by ten keeping in mind the GOTOs and GOSUBs. 'Screen' causes your Basic program to be displayed on the bottom two lines instead of the whole screen.

This can be useful when you are trying to retain a screen display and view code at the same time. As of yet, I have not found a need for this function. 'Print' is used to dump the program listing to an external printer via the RS232 port within the Spectrum. Note that the ZX Printer or TS2040 is not supported. 'Exit' will return you to the startup menu. Your current program is then stored and can be recalled by reentering 128 Basic. Selecting 48 Basic or pressing the reset button will cause the program to be lost.

The additional memory in the Spectrum+ 128k can be used for storing large machine language programs or as a RAM disk. Of course all of the programs or data stored are lost on power off. The data stored, however is not lost upon execution of the NEW command. The RAM disk commands are the same as cassette commands except that the RAM disk commands must contain an! after the cassette commands. For example to save a program enter the command, SAVE!"program" LINE 10. VERIFY is the only keyword not available with the RAM disk. You can get a catalog of all the programs or data files stored in the RAM disk with CAT!. Programs and files may also be erased using the ERASE!"filename" command.

There are two different ways to make music and sound effects in 128 Basic. The first is using the BEEP command. The BEEP command is used in the mame way as in 48 Basic. The second way

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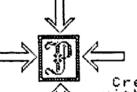


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is through the use of the PLAY command. The PLAY command is minuter to the SURD command on the TS2068 except that the syntax is a bit different. The PLAY command has the following syntax: PLAY as, bs, cs. The strings contain the commands/notes that are to be played. Since the 128 has a three channel sound synthesizer, up to three strings can be PLAYed as in the example. In addition to this, the Spectrum 128K is MIDE (Munical Instrument Digital Interface) compatible. This means that you can connect the 128 to an electronic keyboard that is also MIDE compatible with the proper cable. Thus you can control external devices through the interface using the proper commands within a PLAY command string. The following is a PLAY command summary courtesty of Einclair Research's ZX Spectrum 128 Introduction guides

String entry:	Functions				
CHB of C-B	Gives pitch of note within current octive range.				
•	Flattens note following it,				
•	Sharpens note following it,				
0	Followed by number0 to B sets current octive range.				
1-12	Set length of notes.				
Ł	Denotes a rest.				
N	Seperates two numbers.				
v	Followed by a number 0 to 15, sets volume of notes.				
H	Followed by a number 0 to 7 sets volume effect.				
U	Turns on volume effect in any string.				
×	Followed by a number 0 to 65535, sets duration of volume effect.				
τ	Followed by a number from 50 to 240 sets tempo of music.				
()	Enclose repeated physics.				
1.1	Enclose e comment.				
H	Stops a PLAY commend.				
N	Followed by a number 1 to 63 selects channel.				
Y	Followed by a number from 1 to 16 turns on a HIDI channel.				
z	Followed bay a number sends that number as a				

A typical string may look like this: 10 LET as="MSSAZDINSC": PLAY as: PAUSE 23 . To a programmer, the TS2058 SQUND command may seem less complicated. To a musician, the 128 PLAY command may make more sense. In any case, the major strength for the Spectrum- 128k is the HIBI interface.

After playing with the 128 Sazic, I have found it to be a fine forward step in Sincleir computing. I recommend to anyone that has the opportunity to try some serious 128 programming to do so, and if your not careful, you might just get the itch to purchase a Spectrum 128k to complete your collection.



Tomahawk

D. FRANSON

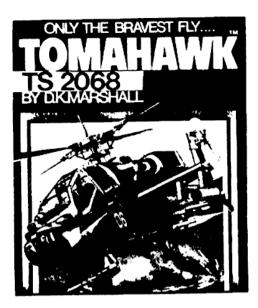
Tomahawk is a flight simulator program from Digital Integration, the people responsible for Fighter Pilot and Night Gunner. However, Tomahawk is different from any other flight simulator available for the T/S 2068 or Spectrum.

To begin with, you're piloting a U.S. Army AH-64A Apache Advanced Attack Halicopter. Flying a helicopter involves a significantly different set of aerodynamic rules than does flying a light airplane or even a jet fighter. For example, applying power doesn't automatically propel you forward, but

will propel you straight up! Also, any rolls exceeding 90 degrees are disastrous, since helicopters lack the large wing surfaces that provide the lift necessary to exit a roll.

In addition to the unique challenge offered by the controls, Tomahawk provides several options for game play. Since the helicopter is meant for ground and air attack, the four game scenarios from which you can choose all involve destroying enemy forces. In scenario

one (Training Mode) you simply have to clear one map sector of all enemy ground forces (tanks and guns) and return safely to a landing pad. In scenario two you must clear four sectors of enemy ground forces, except in this instance the enemy returns your fire. Scenario three places you in the middle of the map, which you must liberate by destroying the enemy in all sectors. In scenario four you and the enemy hold equal amounts of territory and you must support your own ground forces while attacking your foe. The map is



approximately 12 by 16 sectors in size. In all the scenarios you may specify other options such as day or night, cloud ceiling, crosswinds and turbulence, and your pilot rating. In addition to the enemy's ground forces (8 to a sector), you must also contend with enemy helicopters.

So what kind of armament are you carrying to accomplish this destruction? Well, you have lots of cannon rounds. which have a range of 2000 feet. You also have rockets with range of 4000 feet. But best of all you have laserguided missiles, with a range of approximately 3.1 miles! These buggers are very nasty-- you simply pass the sight over the target, the laser guidance locks in, and a press of the stick button blows the enemy off the map. Lest you think all that armament makes things too easy, note that you can fire only right laser-guided missiles before you must land at a pad (not an easy task) and get more.

Now I realize this review is starting to sound a bit martial and militaristic, and before you all start calling me "Rambo" let me tell you about the best feature of Tomahawk. THE GRAPHICS! Yes, we're talking real simulation graphics here. Over 7000 ground objects, including buildings, lakes, trees, mountains, field guns, tanks, landing pads, and more. The realism provided by these detailed graphics is unprecedented. No more flying around

for ten minutes, seeing only sky and horizon. The graphics in Tomahawk make it the kind of program you show to non-T/S users, and say "Look! This is what my computer can do!"

How good is Tomahawk? Good enough to keep me to five hours of sleep a night for the first week I used it. Good enough to make me long for more free time in which to play it. Good enough for me to hypothesize that, if I didn't already have a T/S 2068, I'd immediately go out and buy one after seeing Tomahawk, just so I could run this program. The best flight simulator for any eight-bit computer! Better than Microsoft's Flight Simulator for the IBM PC! They don't get any better than this.

Tomahawk is available for the Spectrum or the 2068. T/S 2068 users owe a great debt to Knighted Computers, who secured the rights to Tomahawk and converted it to run on the unmodified T/S 2068. The program is available from Knighted for \$16.95:

Knighted Computers 707 Highland Street Fulton, New York 13069



ZX-TERM * 80

Gary Lessenberry

I admit that when I heard there was a new terminal program for the TS1000 computer, I was unimpressed. When I heard that it required additional hardware before it could be used, I experienced flash backs of my \$60 venture with ZTERM and my TS2068! But, after using this program, I must say that no single terminal package for any Timex Sinclair computer has impressed me the way that ZX-TERM*80 has. It is a very sophisticated terminal program that is versatile and user-friendly. It is what everybody wants in a terminal program.

Beware! This program will not operate by itself. To use ZX-TERM*80 you must have a SCRAM board, a 16K RAMpack, and either a TS1000/ZX81 or a TS1500. No, a PC8300 cannot run ZX-TERM*80, even with the improved ROM from Fred Nachbaur. The SCRAM board is a non-volitile RAM that is used for the high resolution graphics. The Hunter Board can be used as a replacement for the SCRAM, but some hardware modification is required. The ZX-TERM*80 documentation explains how to perform the Hunter Board modification. Your TS1000 may also require a simple modification as well. However, since the TS1500 is an upgraded version of the TS1000, you need not perform any hardware modifications to it, to use ZX-TERM*80. You should realize that even though the TS1500 already has 16K of RAM onboard, it will still require a 16K RAMpack.

I will avoid trying to completely walk you through this program. Instead I will try to highlight the features and handicaps of this terminal package. The first and most important feature of any software package (as all MTERM users will testify) is the documentation. ZX-TERM*80 has an excellent documentation package. It is so thorough that when I first looked at the 42 page manual, I wanted to put it down and go straight into the program. I did however, find that reading it first saved me a lot of time and trouble when actually using the program. This manual is very user friendly and it carefully walks the novice through the program and into the world of telecommunications.

Hardware wise, this program is written to interface with both the Westridge (TS-2050) and Byte (MD-2) modems. I was only able to test it on the TS2050. It uses the 2040 (and Alphacom printer for hardcopies. However, a full size 80 column printer can be selected to work with the following printer interfaces: Aerco, JLO, Tasman, Memotech, Ener-Z Report Generator, or Eprom Services. The program was written with the consideration of adapting it to the A&J Micro Drives, or the Compusa, and Larken floppy disk interfaces. For some of these devices, minor hardware and softrequired and the modifications are documentation addresses this subject. This software allow for the use of a 64K RAMpack or additional NVM (non-volatile memory) devices that total up to 64K. This program will not work with the Mindware MW-100 printer or any 32K RAM that are fully decoded.

This terminal program is packed full of features that I never expected to find when telecomputing on a T\$1000. These features include:

1. A high resolution display that allows upper and lower case letters.

- 2. Selectable display widths of 40, 60, or 80 columns.
 - 3. Adjustable sized windows.
 - 4. Xmodem file transfer protocol.
 - 5. ASCII capture buffer.
- Interface driver for continuous printing on an 80 column printer.
 - 7. Easy back up of the software.

The screen display was the greatest selling point of this program. It can be configured for three windows which display user options in the top window, outgoing data in the middle window and incoming data in the bottom window. The top window contains the following user options: Save Toggle, Echo Toggle, Control, U/D Load, View Data, Modem Control, Display, and Initialize. The sizes of the middle and bottom window can ve easily adjusted while online. I personally preferred a narrow middle window and a large bottom window. You can also choose a single window configuration that shows both out going and incoming data, without displaying the user options. Of the two configurations, the three window one was my favorite. Another display option is the number of columns. The 40 column mode was easy to read. However, most bulletin boards operate greater than forty columns, and my display couldn't provide justice to their clever screen displays. The 60 column mode requires the use of a monitor with the computer (no TV). Using a composite monitor, the 60 column display was very readable. In the 80 column mode, even with a monitor, I found the display to be too closely squeezed together on the screen to be readable. After using the 80 column display for 15 minutes, my eyes were tired and the effort of reading took away the pleasure of my telecomputing.

The keyboard has been defined as a true terminal keyboard. You have both upper and lower case letters, as well as all of the required punctuation (the available punctuation is # ") (\$ = + ->< * / ? | 1 ' ^ ! \ _ [] @ & , .). Please note that fifty percent of these symbols are not part of the normal TS1000 repertoire. There is no provision

for a CAPS-LOCK mode (all capital letters) with this program. The keyscan can be modified offline by poking an address to make it scan as fast or slow as you desire. You will probably notice that there is no cursor, and therefore it is difficult to identify when you have typed a space. There is another POKE available that will cause three underlining dash's to be displayed on your screen in place of a space. These dash's are not transmitted to the host computer. All POKEs that are mentioned in this review are in the software documentation.

The online operation of ZX-TERM*80 There is not an "auto-dial" function in the software. Therefore, you must manually dial the host system and start your carrier when it answers. Due to the expanded symbology of this program, you are able to enjoy most of the text that is sent without all of those annoying blocks of garbage that were created on other previous TS1000 terminal programs, when they couldn't identify an incoming symbol. File transfers are very easy using this program. I was able to do file transfers with a TS2068, an Apple, a Tandy 1000, and an IBM 386. All uploads and downloads are done in xmodem protocol at 128 bytes per block. During the transfer, your screen displays the data and provides alerts for when a bad block is transferred, before the block is repeated.

In conclusion, I believe that this is and will remain as the best terminal program for the TS1000 family of computers. The documentation is outstanding and the manufacturer's support for their products, has an excellent record. The loading, metup and operation of the program are virtually exiplanitory. This program is a must for anybody who

really wants to enjoy telecommunications.

ZX-TERM#80 is available from Silicon Mountain Computers, C-12, Mtn. Stn. Group Box, Nelson, B.C., Vil 5P1, Canada, and also from Grey and Clifford Computer Products, PO Box 2186, Inglewood, CA 90305.

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Serial Port Driver

John M. Bell

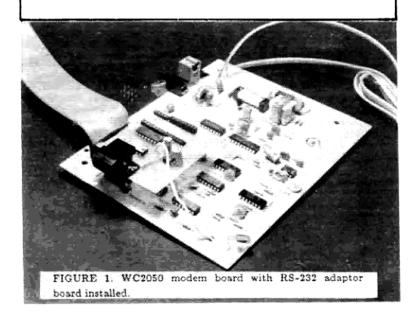
Many experimenters who converted a surplus 2050 modem board to a serial port have been unable to use the interface to drive a printer due to the lack of commercial software. The BASIC program listed at the end of this article generates a Machine Code program that will drive a serial printer through the modified modem. The driver software generated by the program will run on a TIMEX 2068 with or without a SPECIRUM ROM replacement. It should also run on a SINCLAIR SPECIRUM but has not been tested on this machine. The program will not run on any of the ZX-81 series computers or their clones.

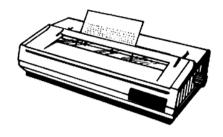
The most difficult part of using this program is typing it in. Since it is very easy to mis-type a character in one of the fourty-two date statements, an error checking routine has been built into the BASIC program. When the program is run a warning is printed on the screen if a checksum of the date statements is not

The article How To Convert A Surplus WC2050 Modem Into An RS-232 SERIAL INTERFACE For Your IS1000/1500/2068 appeared in the MARCH/APRIL '86 (Volume 2, Number 3) issue of TIME DESIGNS. Copies of that back issue are still available for \$5.00 postage paid, or the whole set of six Volume 2 issues are priced at \$17.00 pdd.

RS-232/WC2050 Modem Conversion Kits are still available from Zebra Systems, 78-06 Jamaica Ave., Woodhaven, NY 11421, (718) 296-2385. Price is \$19.95 plus \$3.00 StH (total order).

Surplus WC2050 Modem boards (fully-populated) are available from Grey & Clifford Computer Products, PO Box 2186, Inglewood, CA 90305. Write for prices.





correct. The program then stops so the error can be found and corrected. However, it does not check for typing errors elsewhere in the program, so save the program after it has been entered but before it is run. If the computer crashes due to a typing error, the program can be reloaded and the error corrected without lengthy re-typing.

When the program runs it displays the byte number of the machine code it is currently POKEing. It takes about a minute to POKE all 420 bytes. The user is then asked for the seriel parameters required for the printer. This information can be found in the printer's menual. Keep in mind that most seriel printers have configuration switches on the back. Check to make surs they are set according to the parameters entered at the prompts. The first prospt asks the user to enter the desired baud rate. Enter 300 or 1200 to match the printer's baud rate. A prompt for the type of parity the printer requires is now displayed, enter "E" for even, "O" for odd or "N" for no parity checking. The program then asks for the number of bits in each character sent to the printer, select 7 or 8. At the next prompt enter the number of stop bits required by sntering a 1 or 2. The seriel protocols have now been set, but more information is required by the program.

Several options for the printer driver's operation will now have to be selected. The next prompt asks the user to enter a "L" for LLIST or a "P" for LPRINT software. For general purpose use supporting TAB, AI, LLIST and LPRINT commands, enter a "P". The "L" option is if the softwars is for LLISTing programs only. If a "L" is entered, and the program line being printed is longer than the selected printer width, it will be indented when it continues on the next line. The "L" option was selected when the program listing for this article was printed. Notice that it is easier to read and debug programs listed this way. The next prompt asks for the line length. This is the number of characters to be printed on each line, not the width of the printer. If desired, 32 can be entered so the printed copy matches the listing on the screen of the computer. Next enter the number of spaces each line should be indented at the start of each printed line. This indent allows listings to be centered on the paper. Select any number from 0 to one less than the printer's width. Make sure the selected line length and indent, when added together, do not exceed the maximum number of characters per line that your printer will allow. If this limit is exceeded, the printing will not format properly. The last prompt asks if the UDG markers should be disabled. If "Y" is selected, UDG characters will be printed as capitol letters A through U. If "N" is selected the capitols will be printed with a

slash through them, signifying the characters are UDGs and not letters.

The program now stops with the message "CONFIGURATION COMPLETE. SAUE CODE NOW". If desired, the driver code can be saved as described in the next paragraph, but it can be customized even further. The driver software has a "translation table" for the graphic characters. (CKR. CODES 128 through 143.) This table stores the codes that will be sent to the printer when a graphic character is to be printed. This translation allows the user to poke the code of the printers equivalent character in the appropriate location so graphic characters will be printed correctly. The table is 16 characters long and starts at location 65287 in the computers mamory. Page 242 in the TIMEX 2068 manual shows the characters and their corresponding codes. Chack your printers manual to find the matching code for each character. Note that the driver has the TIMEX character codes stored in this table, the user must poke different codes in this 16 bute area for the translation to take place. There are also four more locations to poke the printer's code for a character. Poke 64967 with the printer's code for the copyright symbol. Poke 64976 with the code for the printer's equivalent of TIMEX character #5%, the "errow up". Poke 64985 with the code for the British pound sign and poke 65013 with the printer's "backspace" code. LLIST/LPRINT code can now be saved to tape or disk. The driver is 420 bytes long starting at location 64900 in the computers memory. As an example, the code can be saved to tape using [SAUE "LLIST" CODE 54900,420]. Save several copies of the code and be sure not to record over the BASIC program that generates the cods. Once the print driver code is saved, the program can be run again to configure the machine code differently.

The print driver is now ready to be used for the intended application. To load the program into the computers memory, reserve room for it with the command [CLEAR 64839]. Then load the driver by entering (LOAD "LLIST" CODE), Once the program loads and the printer and interface are turned on, enter (RANDONIZE USR 64900) to initialize the code. The LLIST and LPRINT commands now send data to your serial printer. It should work like the TIMEX thermal printer except it leaves spaces over the page breaks in tractor feed paper for better readability.

There are several "tricks to using the driver software. The Formfeed character can be used to advance the paper a full page. Use the command CLPRINT CKRS 123 instead of using the paper advance knob on your printer, if you do use the paper advance knob, the driver losses track of it's location on the page. The driver can be re-initialized at any time by entering "RANDOMIZE USR 54900". This resuts the driver so enother listing can be printed on a new page while keeping the line count and page breaks for the new listing correct. If your printer has features that can bs accessed by sending it control codes, they can be sent one at a time by POKEing the code at location 55278 and them entering a RAND USR command. The following BASIC statement will send the escape character to the printer (FOXE 65278,27: RANDOMIZE USR 65277). Repeat this command for each code to be sent, just remamber to change the 27 to the required code. Users with an AERCO compatible parallel interface can also use the driver software by replacing lines 50 and 51 in the BASIC program with the next two lines.

C50 DATA "BDBEBFDB7FCB6720CAF1"] & C51 DATA "D37F000000DB7FC900000 The BASIC program lines 1170 through 1280 should be deleted. They are only necessary for a serial printer.

SERIAL PORT PRINT DRIVER



1 REM LLIST/LPRINT DRIVER 2 REM FOR 2050 BERIAL PORT 3 REM PUBLISHED BY 4 REM -TIME DESIGNS MAGAZINE-REM WRITTEN BY J. BELL 10 DATA "3E7B03773E37D377AF32" 11 DATA "03FF3202FF0606CD63FE" 12 DATA "10FB2A4F5C110F001911" 13 DATA "ABFD732372C9ED7305FF" 14 DATA "2104FFCBS6C20DFEFEAS" 15 DATA "DZAOFEFE90DZ40FEFE80" 16 DATA "3071FE7F200S3ECBC3D5" DATA "FEFESE20053EA4C3D5FE" 17 18 DATA "FE6020053EC3C3D5FEFE" 19 DATA "7B3B05D67AC3A0FEFE20" 20 DATA "D2DSFEFEOCCAC1FEFE08" 21 DATA "20053E08C3E6FEFE0DCA" "63FEFE17280SFE162801" ATAU 55 23 DATA "C92104FF3606C92104FF" 24 DATA "CB4E2003CB96C9F5AF32" 25 DATA "O3FF3EODCDE6FE3E0432" 26 DATA "04FFF12101FF85FE00C8" 27 DATA "C5471828C92107FF1600" 28 DATA "D6805F197EC3D5FED62F" 28 DATA "CDD5FE3E08CDF0FD3E58" 30 DATA "C3E6FECD63FECD56FEC9" DATA "00C506053E20CDD5FE10" 31

"F9C1C93E003203FF3A02"

"ODOSOCCOBEFEIOFB3EO6"

33 DATA "FFFE3C28063C3202FF18"

35 DATA "3202FFC93E0DCDE6FE3E"

32 DATA

34 DATA

```
36 DATA "OACDE6FEAF3203FF3A01"
  37 DATA "FF4FOCODC83E20C5CDD5"
  38 DATA "FEC118F5219800D6A4CB"
  39 DATA "7E2328FB3D20F8CDD3FE"
  40 DATA "7ECDD5FE23CB7E28F77E"
  41 DATA "CBBFCDDSFE18123AO2FF"
  42 DATA "473E429047C5CD82FEC1"
  43 DATA "10F9C3BCFD3E20F53A03"
  44 DATA "FFFE46D44FFE3AO3FF3C"
  45 DATA "3203FFF1F5CDECFE1828"
  46 DATA "3E7FDBFE1FD83EFEDBFE"
  47 DATA "1FD8ED7805FFC93EFF18"
  48 DATA "E50000000000000808182"
  49 DATA "838485868788898A888C"
  50 DATA "8D8E8FD877E68028CADB"
  51 DATA "77E601CAE7FEF1D373C9"
1000 REM THIS POKES THE CODE
1010 CLEAR 54899
1020 LET but-0
1030 LET codloc=64900
1040 FOR a-0 TO 410 STEP 10
1050 READ as
1060 FOR b-1 TO 20 STEP 2
1070 IF
        CODE as(b)<58 THEN LET
      c=16*( CODE a$(b)-48)
1080 IF CODE as(b)>64 THEN
      c=16*( CODE as(b)-55)
1090 IF CODE #5(b+1)<58 THEN L
     ET c=c+( CODE a$(b+1)-48)
1100 IF
        CODE 85(b+1)>62 THEN L
     ET c=c+( CODE a$(b+1)-55)
1110 POKE (a+ INT (b/2)+codloc),
1120 PRINT AT 5,5; "BYTE NUMBER;
";a+b/2+.5
1130 LET byt-byt+c
1140 NEXT b
```

1150 NEXT a 1160 IF but <> 56435 THEN CLS : PRINT "TYPING ERROR, CHECK DATA": STOP 1170 REM THIS CUSTOMIZES 1180 INPUT "BAUD RATE; 300/1200 : b\$ 1190 INPUT "EVEN, ODD OR NO PARI TY: E/0/N ": p\$ 1200 INPUT "NUMBER OF BITS; 7/8 " : n\$ 1210 INPUT "NUMBER OF STOP BITS: 1/2 "; \$\$ 1220 LET byte-74 1230 IF bs-"1200" THEN LET byte -byte+1 1240 IF ns="8" THEN LET bute-bu to+4 1250 IF ps-"E" THEN LET bute-bu te+48 1260 IF ps="0" THEN LET buts=bu te+16 1270 IF ss="2" THEN LET buta-bu ta+128 1280 POKE 64905, bute 1290 REM CONFIGURES SOFTWARE 1300 INPUT "LLIST or LPRINT L/P ";a\$ 1310 IF a\$-"1" OR a\$-"L" THEN P OKE 65110,201 1320 INPUT "Line length ":len 1330 POKE 65242,1en 1340 INPUT "Spaces to TAB "; tab 1350 POKE 65281.tab 1360 INPUT "DISABLE UDG MARKERS? Y/N "; a\$ 1370 IF as-"u" OR as-"Y" THEN P OKE 65093.201 1380 PRINT "CONFIGURATION COMPLE TE";';"SAVE CODE NOW"

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QL VAL STRING FUNCTION

ROBERT D. HARTUNG

A long time ago (TDM March/April '86) I saw note by Mike de Sosa on the lack of the VAL string function on the QL. At the time I didn't have one, but with the recent price cuts I've added a QL to my "home for orphan computers". Although I ordered one with software and QL User Guide, it came sans manual (later received), so I was digging through all my old Sinclair mags for info when I ran across Mike's comment again.

No doubt other users have found purely software approaches since then, although I have found no published ones in my non-QL specific mags except the one Mike gave which utilizes Microdrive commands. The problem seems to be that while SuperBASIC does correctly interpret the value of an expression discretely entered as a program line, for example:

LET a =2^3*PI or LET a=2^2*PI

It seems to "see" only the first item (2) if the same expression is entered in response to INPUT a:

LET a4=a: PRINT a4

While it is a clumsy substitute for what can be done so routinely with "lowly" TS1000/2068 BASIC, the following process will give the correct output for an expression entered as the definition of either a numeric variable or as a string variable definition without quotes or asterisks:

10 expr = 8 : REM or expr\$ = 8 20 WHEN ERROR 30 RETRY

30 RETRY
40 END WHEN
50 CLS: CLS #0: PRINT "expr = "; ex
pr: PRINT "Enter expression, then r for
result": EDIT 10: STOP
60 DEFine PROCedure r
70 RUN
80 END DEFine r

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ннн	ннн	AAA	AAA	PPPP	PPPP	Y	Y
нн	HH	AA	AA	PP	PP	Y	Y
HH	нн	AA	AA	PP	PP	Y	Y

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MANDELBROT -- A Fractal World Part Two

Michael E. Carver

The BASICS

I hope you have been experiencing great adventures exploring the new frontiers opened up by fractal geometry. In this part of the article we will examine the BASIC program.

For those of you who are learning the ropes of SuperBASIC, I will point out some of the highlights of the BASIC Mandelbrot program featured in the previous issue of Time Designs (Nov/Dec 1987 pp 23-29). It was my intent to write a program using the power and flexibility of SuperBASIC. To demonstrate the power of SuperBASIC, the major portion of the BASIC program is comprised of only 2 lines (lines 68 & 78). The rest of the program is solely support procedures for these two lines of BASIC. The program contains 18 procedure modules and 1 function module. Advantages of writing programs in this manner include the ease of extending and following the program when it comes time to de-bug.

Our first procedure is initial, which sets up the computer to run the program. Line 255% declares the variables $x, y \notin I$ to apply only to the PROCedure initial. If these variable names are used elsewhere in the program, the values set in the PROCedure will not apply. By using the SuperBASIC command LOCal, one does not have to morry about re-declaring a variable which is needed elsewhere in the program. However one must be careful when using this command. If the PROCedure is called again and the value of a LOCal variable is to be used with the contents when the PROCedure was exited, the original value is lost. From within the initial PROCedure, another PROCedure (iv) is called, which simply redefines the default windows to fit within a U.S. TV screen and sets the MODE to 8 colors. The rest of the initial PROCedure "draws" the title screen, loads the 3 machine code routines into memory, defines and POKEs into the "plotter"



fig. 1

PROCedure and Function list

PROCedure	Line Nos.
back_door	1080-1190
canvas	464Ø-467Ø
check_dev	1690-1840
color-bar	4280-4330
done	1210-1360
initial	2540-2850
main_menu	1930-2310
main_prog	1000-1060
mini_menu	2330-2520
mini_window	1860-1910
paste	4490-4510
re_color	3740-4260
recall	3150-3490
redraw	3510-3720
set_up	2870-3130
snap_shot	4450-4470
store_it	1380-1670
tv	4530-4620

FuNction

keyini 4350-4430

machine code routine the default color schemes for the Mandel i set, and sets up the default device and name for saving result data.

PROCedure $main_prog$ is the work-horse of the program. Lonsists of an endless loop which controls the branching of program. This was achieved by not providing an exit to PREPest b(sloop).

Main_menu is the PROCedure which prints the menu and redirate program based on the user's input. The "shadows" in the iter created by using the STRIP and CURSOR commands. Yoffsetting the cursor location 4 pixels and setting the spool of statements of the spool of t

The set_up PROCedure provides a means for directing the set for a particular part of the fractal world and for the chand of default device and data name. A machine code routine where the set of machine code variables for a fresh start is also cad from within this PROCedure. (NOTE: This PROCedure has one of weak link, no checks are made for correct user input. If user inputs blank lines or letters instead of numbers, program will crash. Those of you who are industrious may wish write a couple of "Check" PROCedures to insure proper input.)

To insure the flow of the program, the back_door PROCe® provides a "Sub-Routine" which steps through the creation of® Fractal data and screen. When this PROCedure is exitedy "falling-out" through the end (line 1198), the program is continue from the branch created within main_prog, conting with a call of the PROCedure store_(t. After a complete frail map has been created, a prompt will appear on the scn prompting the user to ready the device for the saving of a (see Lines 1182 & 1184) and for a key press to continue (see # 1186). (NOTE: To insure that the messages printed in "mini_window" can be seen (includes the above prompt and e "mini_menu"), the computer must be initialized in TV Mode ("Due to the difference in line spacing between Monitor an Woodes, a full mini_menu will not appear if the computer in Monitor Mode.)

The mini_window PROCedure calls a machine code routine wh makes a copy of screen data in the area to be overwritten by mew window opened by line 1898. This data is restored by machine code routine called by the paste PROCedure. Ni Correction to a commetic error in listing 1 -- Line 4518 shd read "END DEFine paste". This correction is only for consisty as the program will run fine as written.

Before data is maved to microdrive (or specified device), a ck is made by the store_[t] PROCedure to insure that an error ret is not generated if files already exist with the same name. S is accomplished by lines 1390-1340 and the PROCedure check_. If files of the same name do exist, the user is allowed to ret the data to be saved or allow the existing files to be deld from the medium before a save is executed.

The last major PROCedure left is re_color which allows the r to redefine the color scheme for the points within and oute the Mandelbrot set. There are a total of 255 different posse calculated "distance" points. If they have not yet been arradinto a table of dispersion, this calculation is carried ouy lines 3778-3930. The resulting calculations will provide a rh guide to help in re-defining the color scheme. Lines 4868-8 will build up a new color scheme based on the user's input.

The remainder of the PROCedures should be easy to decipher bd on the above information and by following their logical flow! hope that by following the program carefully and by experimeng with the various SuperBASIC commands included within the prom that readers who are striving to learn the power of the s BASIC programming language will have a head start.



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QL Sound Explorer

M. Vincent Lyon

With eight different variables to modify and test, the BEEP command on the Sinclair QL can be a bit difficult to master. When I needed some special sounds for a game I was writing, it became obvious that typing in a long list of BEEP commands for testing was a long and tedious job. So, I stopped writing the program long enough to design a special program that would allow me to explore the full range of the QL sound capabilities.

Thus was QL SOUND EXPLORER born. Besides being an easy method of designing and testing various sounds, it also turned out to be fun.

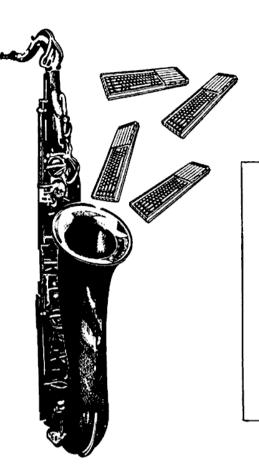
The program uses two types of input keys, called only by pressing the proper key (the ENTER key need never be pressed). The command keys call various program commands, and the variable control keys control each of the eight QL BEEP variables.

Once the program is booted (it tells you by "sounding off"), use the variable control keys (1 to 8) to set the BEEP values you desire, and press "t" to test the result. The lower window will, in the test mode, display the correct SuperBASIC line for entry into your program. Pressing "P" will send this line to your printer.

Any of the included demos can be used as starting points for your own sounds if you wish. Or, if you wish to start fresh, simply press "c" to clear all the variables and refresh the memory.

If you don't arrive at the perfect sound the first time, just press "b" to turn off the sound (if your QL is still "sounding off), and modify your variables.

As soon as you discover the proper formula for the sound you desire, print out or write down the SuperBASIC line for future reference. Trying



to arrive at exactly the same sound later is not as easy as it may appear.

Remember that the ESC (escape) key is valid. Pressing it will exit the program, though you may not be able to see the cursor. If you unintentionally press ESC or break the program, simply enter "GO TO 10".

If you don't wish to type in this listing, the program is available from: RMG Enterprises, 1419 1/2 7th St., Oregon City, OR 97045.

```
The Command Keys...

H - Displays the remaining memory P - Prints the Basic Command line B - Turns off the current test A - Plays Demo "engine rev" D - Plays Demo "engine rev" D - Plays Demo "stalking spook" G - Plays Demo "stalking spook" D - Plays Demo "frightened heart" D - Plays Demo "British police" D - Plays Demo "Inknown melody"

The Variable Control Keys...

I - Controls DURATION I I = up by 10. CTRL/I = up by 100. SHIFT/I = down by 100.

CTRL/SHIFT/I = down by 100.

Z - Controls PITCH I I 2 = up by I. SHIFT/2 = down by I.

4 - Controls GRAD_X I 4 = up by 10. CTRL/4 = up by 100. SHIFT/4 = down by 100.

CTRL/SHIFT/4 = down by 100.

5 - Controls GRAD_Y I 5 = up by I. SHIFT/5 = down by I.

6 - Controls RANDON I 6 = up by I. SHIFT/6 = down by I.

7 - Controls RANDON I 8 = up by I. SHIFT/7 = down by I.
```

```
10 LET p2=0:LET p3=1:LET p4=29:LET
p5=1000
15 LET p6=3:LET p7=0:LET pB=0:LET p
9=0
20 init
25 disp
30 key
35 60 TD 30
40 DFFine PROCedure key
45 LET k=CODE (INKEY$ (-1))
50 read_key
55 GD TO 30
60 END DEFine
65 DEFine PROCedure init
70 LET 426
75 WINDOW #1,512,204,0,0
BO PAPER #1,0: INK #1,7
85 BORDER #1,2,7,2:CLS #1
90 WINDOW #0,512,50,0,205
95 PAPER #0,5,7: INK #0,0
100 BORDER #0,3,0,5:CLS #0
105 PRINT #0,\,,," ";
110 PAPER #0,5:PRINT #0;" > EXECUTI
VE SOUND EXPLORER < ":PAPER #0,5,7
115 PRINT #0,,,"COPYRIGHT 1987 - EX
ECUTIVE WORKSHOP - PORTLAND, OREGON
 ":PRINT \\,,," ";
120 PAPER #1,5,7:INK #1,0:PRINT">>>
> CURRENT QL BEEP VALUES <<<<":PAPE
R #1,0:1NK #1,7
125 PRINT \\\,"1-DURATION",,,,"2-PI
 130 PRINT \\, "3-PITCH 2",,, "4-GRAD
135 PRINT \\,"5-GRAD_Y",,,,"6-WRAP"
140 PRINT\\,"7-FUZZY",,,,"8-RANDOM
 145 WINDOW #2,45,12,118,60
 150 PAPER #2,0: INK #2,7
 155 BORDER #2,1,5:CLS #2
 160 OPEN #3,con
 165 WINDOW #3,45,12,345,60
 170 PAPER #3,0: INK #3,7
 175 BORDER #3,1,5:CLS#3
 180 OPEN #4, con
```

185 WINDOW #4,45,12,118,90

```
190 PAPER #4,0: INK #4,7
195 BORDER #4,1,5:CLS #4
200 GPEN #5, con
205 WINDOW #5,45,12,345,90
210 PAPER #5,0: INK #5,7
215 BORDER #5,1,5:CLS #5
220 BPEN #6,con
225 WINDOW #6,45,12,118,120
230 PAPER #6,0: INK #6,7
235 BORDER #6,1,5:CLS #6
240 OPEN #7,con
245 WINDOW #7,45,12,345,120
250 PAPER #7,0: INK #7,7
255 BORDER #7,1,5:CLS #7
260 OPEN #8, con
265 WINDOW #8, 45, 12, 118, 150
270 PAPER #8,0: INK #8,7
275 BORDER #8,1,5:CLS #8
280 OPEN #9,con
285 WINDOW #9,45,12,345,150
290 PAPER #9,0:INK #9,7
295 BORDER #9,1,5:CLS #9
300 PRINT \\" BASIC LINE
                BASIC LINE TO READ:
REEP '
305 OPEN #10, con
310 WINDOW #10,340,12,162,180
315 PAPER #10,0: INK #10.7
320 BORDER #10,1,2:CLS #10
325 BEEP p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9
330 PAUSE 150
335 BEEP
340 FND DEFine
345 DEFine PROCedure t
350 disp
355 BEEP p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9
 360 key
 365 END DEFine
 370 DEFine PROCedure b
 375 BEEP
 380 key
 385 END DEFine
 390 DEFine PROCedure read_key
 395 SELect ON k
 400 =116:t
 405 =112:up_d:prt
 410 =99:cler
 415 =106:d7
 420 =104:d6
 425 =97:d1
 430 =115:d2
```

435 =100:d3 440, =102:d4 445 =103:d5 450 =107:dB 455 =108:d9 460 =109:mem 465 =98:b 470 =49:CLS#2: IF p2<32757:LET p2=p2 +10:END IF :LET p2\$=p2:AT #2,0,a-{L EN(p2\$)):PRINT #2;p2\$:key 475 =33:CLS#2:IF p2>-32757:LET p2=p 2-10:END IF :LET p2==p2:AT #2,0,a-(LEN(p2\$)):PRINT #2;p2\$:key 480 =145:CLS#2:IF p2<32667:LET p2=p 2+100:END IF :LET p2#=p2:AT #2,0,a-(LEN(p2\$)):PRINT #2;p2\$:key 485 =129:CLS#2: IF p2>-32667:LET p2= p2-100:END IF :LET p2\$=p2:AT #2,0,a -(LEN(p2\$)):PRINT #2;p2\$:key 490 =50:CLS#3:IF p3<255:LET p3=p3+1 :END IF :LET p3\$=p3:AT #3,0,a-(LEN(p3\$)):PRINT #3;p3\$:key 495 =64:CLS#3:IF p3>0:LET p3=p3-1:E ND IF :LET p3*=p3:AT #3,0,a-(LEN(p3 \$)):PRINT #3;p3\$:key 500 =51:CL8#4:IF p4<255:LET p4=p4+1 :END IF :LET p4s=p4:AT #4,0,a-(LEN(p4s)):PRINT #4;p4s:key 505 =35:CLS#4:IF p4>0:LET p4=p4-1:E ND IF :LET p4\$=p4:AT #4,0,a-(LEN(p4 \$)):PRINT #4;p4\$:key 510 =52:CLS#5:IF p5<32757:LET p5=p5 +10:END IF :LET p5\$=p5:AT #5,0,a-(L EN(p5\$)):PRINT #5;p5\$:key 515 =36:CLS#5:IF p5>-32758:LET p5=p 5-10:END IF :LET p5\$=p5:AT #5,0,a-(LEN(p5\$)):PRINT #5;p5\$:key 520 =148:CLS#5:IF p5<32657:LET p5=p 5+100:END IF :LET p5=p5:AT #5,0,a-(LEN(p5\$)):PRINT #5;p5\$:key 525 =132:CLS #5: IF p5>-32657:LET p5 =p5-100:END 1F :LET p5\$=p5:AT #5,0, a-(LEN(p5\$)):PRINT #5;p5\$:key 530 =53:CLS#6: IF p6<7:LET p6=p6+1:E ND IF :LET p6\$=p6:AT #6,0,a-(LEN(p6 \$)):PRINT #6;p6\$:key 535 =37:CLS#6: IF p6>-8:LET p6=p6-1: END IF :LET p6\$=p6:AT #6,0,a-(LEN(p 6\$));PRINT #6;p6\$:key

540 =54:CLS#7:IF p7<15:LET p7=p7+1: END IF :LET p7\$=p7:AT #7,0,a-(LEN(p 7\$)):PRINT #7;p7\$:key 545 =94:CLS#7:1F p7>0:LET p7=p7-i:E ND IF :LET p7\$=p7:AT #7,0,a-(LEN(p7 \$)):PRINT #7;p7\$:key 550 =55:CLS#8:IF p8<15:LET p8=p8+1: END IF :LET p8 = p8:AT #8,0,a-(LEN(p 8\$)):PRINT #8;p8\$:key 555 =38:CLS#8:IF p8>0:LET p8=p8-1:E ND IF :LET pB\$=p8:AT #8,0,a-(LEN(p8 \$));PRINT #8;p8\$:key 560 =56:CLS#9: IF p9<15: LET p9=p9+1: END IF :LET p9\$=p9:AT #9,0,a-(LEN(p 9\$)):PRINT #9;p9\$:key 565 =42:CLS#9:IF p9>0:LET p9=p9-1:E ND IF :LET p98=p9:AT #9,0,a-(LEN(p9 \$)):PRINT #9;p9\$:key 570 =27: finish 575 =REMAINDER : key 580 END SELect 585 DEFine PROCedure finish 590 STOP 595 END DEFine 600 DEFine PROCedure mem 605 CLS#10: INK #10,5:PRINT #10;" AVAILABLE MEMORY - "; PEEK_L(1638 56) -PEEK_L(163852); " -- ": INK #10,7 610 key 615 END DEFine 620 DEFine PROCedure disp 625 LET p2\$=p2 630 CLS02:AT 02,0,a-(LEN(p2\$)):PRIN T #2:p2\$ 6**35** LET p3\$=p3 640 CL803:AT #3,0,a-(LEN(p36)):PRIN T #3;p3\$ 645 LET p4#=p4 650 CLS#4:AT #4,0,a-(LEN(p4\$)):PRIN T #4104\$ 655 LET p5\$=p5 660 CLS#5:AT #5,0,a-(LEN (p5\$)):PRI NT #5;p5\$ 665 LET p6\$=p6 670 CLS#6:AT #6,0,a-(LEN(p6\$)):PRIN T #6:p6\$ 675 LET p7\$=p7 680 CLS#7:AT #7,0,a-(LEN(p7\$)):PRIN T #7;p7# 685 LET p8\$=p8 690 CLS#8:AT #8,0,a-(LEN(pB\$)):PRIN #8;p8# T 695 LET p9\$=p9 700 CLS#9:AT #9,0,a-(LEN(p9\$)):PRIN

705 t/p_d 719 END DEFine -715 DEFine PROCedure di 720 LET p2=0:letp3=0:LET p4=0:LET p 725 LET p6=3:LET p7=0:LET p8=15:LET p9=0 730 up_d:t 735 kev 740 END DEFine 745 DEFine PROCedure d2 750 LET p2=0:LET p3=255:LET p4=125: LET p5=1300 755 LET p6=0:LET p7=0:LET p8=0:LET p9=0 760 up_d:t 765 key 770 END DEFine 775 DEFine PROCedure d3 780 LET p2=0:LET p3=255:LET p4=10:L ET p5=700 785 LET p6=2:LET p7=8:LET p8=0:LET p9=0 790 up_d:t 795 key 800 END DEFine 805 DEFine PROCedure d4 810 LET p2=0:LET p3=255:LET p4=5:LE T p5=3000 815 LET p6=2:LET p7=5:LET p8=0:LET p9=0 820 up_d:t 825 key 830 END DEFine 835 DEFine PROCedure d5 840 LET p2=0:LET p3=0:LET p4=75:LET p5=200 845 LET p6=1:LET p7=10:LET p8=0:LET p9=0 850 up_d:t 855 key 860 END DEFine 865 DEFine PROCedure d6 870 LET p2=0:LET p3=175:LET p4=80:L ET p5=10000 875 LET p6=3:LET p7=3:LET p8=0:LET 97=0 880 up_dst 8B5 key 890 END DEFine 895 DEFine PROCedure d7 900 LET p2=0:LET p3=3:LET p4=0:LET p5=7500 905 LET p6=6:LET p7=0:LET p8=0:LET

910 up_d:t 915 key 920 END DEFine 925 DEFine PROCedure dB 930 LET p2=0:LET p3=255:LET p4=250: LET p5=0 935 LET p6=7:LET p7=1:LET p8=2:LET p9=0 940 up_d:t 945 key 950 END DEFine 955 DEFine PROCedure d9 960 LET p2=0:LET p3=36:LET p4=53:LE T p5=2500 965 LET p6=7:LET p7=4:LET p8=0:LET p9=0 970 up_d:t 975 key 980 END DEFine 985 DEFine PROCedure cler 990 CLEAR 995 LET a=6 1000 LET p2=0:LET p3=0:LET p4=0:LET 0=2q 1005 LET p6=0:LET p7=0:LET p8=0:LET 1010 LET p2\$=p2:LET p3\$=p3:LET p4\$= p4:LET p5\$≃p5 1015 LET p6\$=p6:LET p7\$=p7:LET p8\$= p8:LET p9\$=p9 1020 INK #10,2:PRINT #10:" ----": INK #10,7 IABLES CLEARED 1025 BEEP 0,3,1,550,0,0,0,0 1030 PAUSE 45 1035 REEP 1040 disp 1045 key 1050 END DEFine 1055 DEFine PROCedure up_d 1060 LET p2\$=p2:LET p3\$=p3:LET p4\$= p4:LET p5**p5 1065 LET p6\$=p6:LET p7\$=p7:LET p8\$= p8:LET p9\$=p9 1070 LET pf\$=p2\$&", "&p3\$&", "&p4\$&", "&p5\$&", "&p6\$&", "&p7\$&", "&p8\$&", "&p 1075 CLS#10:PRINT #10,pf\$ 1080 END DEFine 1085 DEFine PROCedure prt 1090 DPEN #11, ser 1075 PRINT #11, "SuperBASIC line to - BEEP ";pf\$ read 1100 CLOSE #11 1105 kev 1110 END DEFine

www.Time Designs Tests

QUANTA, the Library, and PAGE DESIGNER

bу

Mike de Sosa

My apologies again! I still have not DESKTOP PUBLISHER Special Edition -- so seen for the Great Facilitator! But after you see what PAGE DESIGNER does for you-and what it costs--you might well think, "Who needs DESKTOP PUBLISHER, anyway?" QUANTA is the acronym οf QLUsers

QUANTA is the acronym of the independent QL Users and Tinkerers Association, a UK-based users' group. QUANTA has for several years published an excellent monthly newsletter (about 40 5"x7" pages),

and membership is by subscription to the newsletter. (There are several subscription options, e.g., AIRMAIL delivery, and with the dollar free-falling as it is, I recommend you contact QUANTA's secretary, Brian Pain [see his address in the illustration], for details of membership.

QUANTA also offers free advice to members, workshops, support for users' groups, tutors, and most importantly, a now massive-and rapidly growing-software

library consisting of more than 350 suites of performance-tested programs of all types --and I mean all types--most available at cost, a few at a small cost. The royalty for PAGE DESIGNER, the most expensive QUANTA program, is only £5, less than \$10, today; royalties for the entire library, consisting of about 20 quad-density floppy disks and including a sophisticated run-time ARCHIVE library guide (updated at 6-month intervals), are now about £35, about \$63.

It's only a wag, but I'd say that the documentation for the complete QUANTA library, must run to more than 500 pages. I can think of no better way of learning good QL programming technique, than looking into the library programs, although more and more of them are being re-issued in compiled versions. Digging into the QUANTA library is a never-ending task like excavating tombs in the Middle East and cataloging and crossreferencing your findings.

QUANTA, the monthly newsletter, is also a goldmine of tips; useful programs, procedures, and functions; reviews of new software by members (that is, not by magazine writers who are sometimes biased in favor of advertisers); and solutions to practical programs.

QUANTA'S PAGE DESIGNER * * * * 1/2

Dilwyn Jones's excellent desktoppublishing program enables the user to create small, page-sized, or large (about 17"x 22") pages of mixed text and graphics for various types of layouts and purposes. Fast, easy-to-use, and efficient--utilizing screen and memory compression whenever posssible, PAGE DESIGNER requires at least 256K of extra RAM and more is better (it is terrific with TRUMP CARD with which a large-capacity or dynamic RAM disk may be used to good effect for more rapid cutting and pasting-just format a RAM disk in the boot program). Two excellent font editors are included, one for normal text (the standard QDOS 9- x 5-pixel type) and one for self-scaling and proportionally printed high-resolution (16- x 16-pixel) text or graphics. Used for different purposes, the former for normal text, the latter for self-scaled text, PAGE DESIGNER larger, 29 text fonts and 17 high-includes resolution fonts.

On boot-up, the first PAGE DESIGNER task is to size the page, simplicity itself, with elaborate mini-screens to keep you in touch with just where you are on the page. After this, the Main Menu is displayed. Options offered are (1) Enlarged Characters (which initiates a sequence to incorporate high-resolution, usually large-sized, and self-scaled printing; (2) Type Text which initiates more normal text-printing; (3) Merge Text which lets you import text (i.e., ASCII text files (e.g., QL QUILL _lis files) into regular or columnar format--see HOT TIP, below; (4) PAGE POSITION which displays where you are on the larger page; (5) Graphics which opens the door to several graphics sub-menus; (6) Save Page in compressed memory form; (7) Load New Page; (8) Wipe/New Page; (9) Printout to printer or file; (A) Load Alphabets (text and/or high-resolution fonts); (Q) Quit (ESC also

works]; (V) View Page which permits scanning and positioning the art window on any section of the larger page; (D) List of Files Present provides a directory of any device; (R) Refresh Display is intended for use in multitasking situations; (L) Lift and Save enables cutting and pasting via a file (optimally a RAM disk file); (P) Load and Paste enables continuation of cut-and-paste process or the inclusion of previously saved graphic segments (illustrations, etc.); (O) Set OVER State selects one of three modes of printing; (S) Set Stipple Pattern permits several monochromatic INK and PAPER options; (F) Status Report portrays useful data such as PAPER and INK colors, OVER state, memory, page size and position, and free memory required to fill page; and (E) Erase Files which is used primarily to keep free

memory as large as is necessary.

Selecting "G" or "g" for Graphics takes you to the Graphics Menu which offers the following options (here menu selection is made with the CURSOR, SPACE, and ENTER keys): Move Cursor permits movement of the graphics cursor, a "+" sign, without inking Dots, Lines, art window; Rectangle, Circle/Polygon, Ellipse, Triangle permits the sizing and placing of such figures on the page; Sketch permits "Etch-a-Sketch" type free-hand drawing with the CURSOR and SHIFT CURSOR keys; Paint permits the solid-color filling of irregularly shaped, enclosed spaces; Fancy Fills initiates a fill sequence from another graphics sub-menu offering 15 patterns and varying degrees of detail; Brush Lines initiates a variable width brush sequence using selected monochromatic ink colors and is also used to erase unwanted page sections; Colours selects INK and PAPER monochromatic stippling; Set Over sets the OVER state as in SuperBASIC; and Page Position which displays the position of the artwork window on the page.

As may be seen, operation of PAGE DESIGNER is both straightforward and fairly efficient. I withheld the ultimate 1/2 star (*) for two reasons: cutting and pasting and the incorporation of text files into columnar format could be made a bit more simple--as I am sure they will be in a future version of PAGE DESIGNER which, who knows, may be on the very next floppy disk I receive from the library.

FRONT PAGE EXTRA is a little better in a few respects, and Digital Precision's DESKTOP PUBLISHER Special Edition may well be superior, but I'll have to see it to believe it. And don't forget, you can probably get a year's subscription to QUANTA and the entire QUANTA Library of programs about the same price as DESKTOP Publisher Special Edition! There can be no doubt as to the relative value received for money of the two options.

HOT TIP: Format your QL QUILL document into a 32-column wide format before PRINTing to a "_lis" file for import into PAGE DESIGNER for two columns on a standard page.

NEXT TIME: Who knows? Perhaps DESKTOP PUBLISHER Special Edition, the CPMulator, Microbridge, or a new better-than-QUILL word processor. It is all up to the Great Facilitator.

PAGE DESECTE: 2 FOITS LEST EXAMPLE PAGE

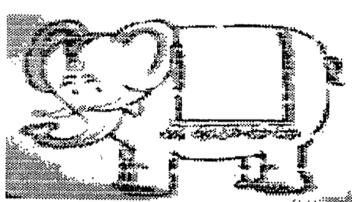
IEXTFONTS: 1=Normat 2=Square 3=snay 4=Bold S=Rtien 6=Italics 7=Zipper

8=Bottleneck 9=Dota76 10=Countdown 11=ARCADE 12=Fancy bearsver=S1 14=ye 0lde a result in the countdown 11=ARCADE 12=Fancy bearsver=S1 14=ye 0lde a result in the countdown 12=ARCADE 12=Fancy bearsver=S1 14=ye 0lde a result in the countdown 12=Bold in the countdown 12=Bold in the countdown 24=Heavy 25=3A3*VELTH 26=AURA SCRIPY 17=X*TENCIL unop-episch=SZ 29=Sans-serif HIRESFONTS: 1=Blank 2=Normat 3=Bold in the countdown 12=HERBLINE 13=Futura-display 14=LCD 15=ZIPPER 10=DATA70 11=Countdown 12=HERBLINE 13=Futura-display 14=LCD 15=ZIPPER 2 Normat 13=Bold-sans-serif 2 Normat 13=Bold 2 Normat 13=Bold-sans-serif 3 Normat 13=Bold 2 Normat 13=Bold 3 Normat 13=Bo

Poge Designer

PAGE DESIGNER'S demo page, displaying its 29 Text fonts and 17 High-res. fonts, is shown above. PAGE DESIGNER's graphic capabilities are equally as graphic capabilities are equally as



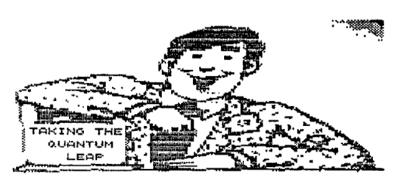


PAGE DESIGNER is just one of more than 300 programs available at little or no cost from QUANTA's (QL Users and Tinkerers Association) library. QUANTA (a British society) also provides an excellent monthly news-letter. Write or call (evenings only between 7pm and 10pm London time) Brian Pain, 24 Oxford Street, Stony Stratford, Milton Heynes MK11 1JU, United Hingdom (telephone COSOS) 564271) regarding membership options.

USING THE PICTURE LIFT FILES

files simplu こり口 directly int¤ Designer 01.33 and later versions of that program. Earlier versions have not been tested, are no known copies circulation, this should not be a problem. From the main menu, select the LOAD AND PASTE option and enter the filename of the picture ileture von want, e.g. the cartridge end in "_lift" for clarity, but they can of course be changed to suit """ requirements. Sest of luck remember to let me know of any suggestions/criticisms/ ments so that I can add to this library of pictures for Page Designer 1.

Dilwyn Jones, 4 The Crescent, Bangor, Gwynedd, North Wales, LL57 288, United Kingdom. Telephone: Bangor (0248) 354023.



Order my new book, TAKING THE QUANTUM LEAP, from Time Designs today. :a Mike de Sosa

39

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FOR SALE: 2 TS1000's, Memotech 64K RAM + plug-in keyboard, CAI Stringy Floppy drive w/interface (incl. Centronics I/F w/cable), TS 16K RAM, books, software and misc. cables, parts, etc. \$200. Lionel Barthelemy, 11009 Vivian Dr., Huntsville, AL 35810, (205) 859-2944.

MILLENIA-K USERS: Accts. Rec. 2068, 64 Col. Small Business Revolving Charge Account Manager. 1,100 Accounts per disk, 24 entry lines each. SPDOS 5 1/4" Quad Disk \$20.00 ppd. Jim Bretz, 861 5th Ave SW, Perham, MN 56573, (218) 346-2129, 6-10 pm.

WANTED: Copies of old ZX81 ROM disassembly by Logan, and "Mastering M.C." by Baker. Will buy or trade for ZX81, 2068 or QL items. (For a list, send S.A.S.E.). Paul Bingham, PO Box 2034, Mesa, AZ 85214.

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AERCO PRINTER CABLE & PROGRAM,
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MISC. 2068 CASSETTES, ORIGINAL
MATERIAL; ALL 30% BELOW RETAIL.
FREE SHIPPING. PH# 1-512-839-4516.

WANTED: 2-99 COMPILER, Kopak Creations, program with documentation. Earl Dunnington, 4356 King Theodore Dr., Boynton Beach, FL 33436, (305) 732-6219.

FOR SALE: MACHINE CODE PACMAN GAME and 9 NEW Font Styles for 2068. Both on 1 cassette for \$10. Send to Steve Kershaw, 547 S. Church, Virden, IL 62690. Phone (217) 965-3537 after 5 pm.

WANTED: Westridge 2050 Modem for TS2068. Ed Ski, 4020 Regent, Duluth, MN 55804, (218) 525-5310.

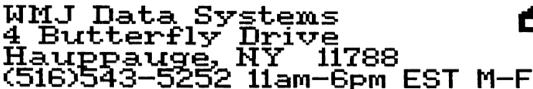
TIME WARP Timex/Sinclair BBS at (515) 282-4169 (8/1/N) 300 baud, is open 24 hours/day. Over 400K of downloads (mostly 2068) with six message bases. The password is "GORT". Give it a call!

FOR SALE: 2 A&J Microdrives like new- 1 w/o print driver. \$90 & \$71.4 Also 34 m/wafers & caddy. R. Thompson, 34127 Williamsburg, Sterling Hgts, MI 48077, (313) 977-0835.

WANTED: WAFAS for Rotronics Wafadrive '(same as black wafas in A&J Mikrodrives). Used Wafas acceptable. Tony Brooks, 2951 Pathview Lane, Marietta, GA 30062 (404) 565-3879.

Do you have some equipment or a program that you would like to sell? Looking for something hard to find? Place an ad in THE CLASSIFIEDS! Subscribers can place one free personal ad in each issue. Ad size is 32 Col. wide (like 2040 paper) and maximum of six lines. For additional lines - \$3 each. NON-SUBSCRIBERS and DEALERS: \$4 a line. DEADLINE FOR ALL CLASSIFIED ADS: Two weeks before publication date. Mail your ad to: TIME DESIGNS MAGAZINE, The Classifieds Dept., 29722 Hult Rd., Colton, Oregon 97017.

TIME SIMPLAIR SOFTWARE



ZX PRO/FILE (Prod# TSIPF) \$19.95 (TSI000). A machine language information storage and retrieval tool for 16-64K. Written by Thomas B. Woods. Multi-word search capability, instant file access, ordered displays, definable printer functions, totally flexible file size, S9 page tutorial manual. This is the finest data base program ever written for the TS1000/1500 and Sinclair ZX81.

ACZ GENERAL LEDGER 1.000 (Prod# ACZ1) \$19.95 (TS1000). An accounting system which is designed to meet the accounting needs of a small business.

ACZ GENERAL LEDGER 2.000 (Prod# ACZ2) \$19.95 (TS2068). An accounting system designed for the small business. The ACZ 2.000 is flexibly designed so the reports fit your business whether it is a proprietorship, partnership or corporation. There's plenty of capacity with up to 150 named accounts and up to 800 entries and accounts each month. Includes a 20 page manual that will get you up and going in no time. For use with the TS2068, a 2040 printer is optional.

COLONIZE THE UNIVERSE (Prod# TS2COL) \$16.95 (TS2068). Winning this game requires cunning, poise and a bit of luck. Try to build up your space colony in order to survive. Fuel and food are scarce and must be watched constantly in order to survive. Aliens, Black Holes, Super Nova Explosions and Time Warps are also abundant. This game is just like a galactic Monopoly game. It's great fun and provides hours of entertainment! We highly recommend this game!

THE DEALER'S DEN (Prod# TS2DEN) \$16.95 (TS206B). If you love to play poker than this is the program for you. You play Draw Poker as you have seen in the arcade games at your local night club. You can also play four hands of Draw Poker against the dealer's one hand. Great Graphics make this software package a must for any computerist who loves Poker! Contains two programs: THE DEALER'S DEN and DRAW POKER.

PRO/FILE 2068 (Prod# TS2PF) \$29.95 (TS2068). A professional file and database manager for the 2068. Instructions are displayed on the screen and guide you through the steps. After you have saved some files, you can access them by typing in any word, or group of numbers in that file. A 100+ page manual is included detailing the many uses - with instructions for use with a full size printer. The best data base system available for the TS2068. Just ask anyone who uses it.

Please include \$2.95 per order for shipping. NY residents add sales tax. Please mail your order to the above address. We accept checks, MasterCard, Visa and COD orders. A fee of \$1.90 will be added to COD orders. All in stock items will be shipped within 24 hours of receipt of order. Please use Prod# when ordering. Thanks for making us you T/S Software supplier!

ZX PRO/FILE

ACZ General Ledger

Colonize the Universe

The Dealer's Den

PRO/FILE 2068



POWERFUL AND INEXPENSIVE BUSINESS SOFTWARE FOR ZX81, T/S1000 and T/S1500 COMPUTERS

ZX-TEXT



A word processor is to a computer user what a typewriter is to a typist, except that the former has more advantages than the latter. ZX-Text can operate in 16-64K RAM providing from 1300 to 6500 words per document it features 6 different options; write, read, edit. print, save and clear text. Text is written on a per-line basis with quick speed and with horizontal back-space and delete capabilities being available. You can also access the editor directly from write mode and vice-versa. Text can be proof-read on a per-line basis allowing for enough time to determine if any editing is needed. The text editor allows a line of text to be deleted, inserted, replaced and fisted for editing. You may also change a word or expression within a line, stop or start text while it is scrolling up the screen, begin reading text from the first line of the file, reenter write mode from the editor, return to the main-menu or create a window so that you can read-edit two files simultaneously. The print option takes text displayed in 30-column format on the screen and outputs to either the ZX/TS printer. (With Memotech's Centronics Parallel Interface 80-column and lower/ higher - case output is possible) Files may be saved on tape cassette with the use of one single command, or by the same token they can be erased from memory / storage so that the full capacity of the program can be used for other purposes such as composing letters, reports, articles, memos, standard forms, instructions, ads, graphs, telephone directory, lists of customers, members, friends ..etc. Also copies of files are always less expensive and easier to run than using a photocopier. Other advantages are savings in time, paper, ink, correcting mistakes and adding afterthoughts more efficiently than doing them through either handwriting or using a typewriter

\$16.95

ZX-CALC



An electronic spreadsheet calculator is the fundamental basic tool for summarising, reporting and analyzing in matrix form any accounting. mathematical or scientific manipulation of numbers, ZX-Calc operates in 32-64K RAM and affords a maximum of 3360 characters/spreadsheet. The entire matrix consists of 15 columns (letters A-O) and 30 rows (numbers 1-30) with 8 characters/ cell. Unlike other popular ESCs, ZX-Calc uses in calculations and within cells all 14 math functions on the ZX-81/TS1000, It offers a unique *SUM function that totals one or more rows/columns simultaneously. Parenthesis can be used within equations. There is no fixed limit on how many equations may be entered Formulas may be stored in all 420 cells of the spreadsheet. The display affords 15 rows/colums. Loading of data into more than one cell can occur across/down one or more row/column simultaneously. With vertical windowing you can arrange a set of colurnns in any order, or practice using fixed-variablealignment display formats. The menu offers 6 options; enter / erase, move, calculate, print, save and clear the spreadsheet. Enter/erase allows the entering, deletion or data alignment within a cell through the use of a mobile cursor. With the move option you may move around the entire sreadsheet to access any row, column or cell The calculate option allows you to enter labels, values or formulas into a cell or write and enter equations that will act upon the data already within the spreadsheet. You can also enter bar graphs into a cell in this option. Absolute / relative replication, down/acrossacolumn/row, is also allowed by this option. Also this option allows the automatic calculation of the entire spreadsheet with one single command. Printallows you to output to either the ZX/TS printer the entire spreadsheet by column-sets and row-pages through use of the COPY command. The entire spreadsheet may be saved on cassette tape or you may clear all data from it or erase the program from RAM entirely The most salient advantage provided by an ESC over specifically vertical applications software is that an ESC provides a reusable framework with which you can compose any specific financial model rather than just be limited to only one statically fixed format for storing, displaying and manipulating numerical data

ZX-CALENDAR



Time management is an important aspect of any serious business and personal agenda. Planning how to spend our time leaves us better prepared before and while we are spending it and we remain better organized after we finish spending it. ZX-Calendar operates in 16-64K RAM affording 25 appointments in 16K, 100 in 32K or 180 in 48K and 64K. Each appointment record holds a maximum of 220 characters. The main menu includes enter. search/check/sort, change, save, clear and print any and all appointments made on a specific date or with any party. Output to either the ZX/TS printer is permissible. This program will permit you to remember to do something or to be somewhere important by cataloging your answers to six questions that you must account for in order not to waste time when it is scarce: when, with whom, at what time, for how long, where and what are you going to discuss and conclude when you get together with someone else? The program lets you parmanently originate, record, classify, search, sort, calculate, modify, summarize, obtain a written report and store your answers to the preceding. questions so that you will not forget what you decide to do with your time. This program identifies your time according to when you are going to spend it and with whom you are going to share it. Through these forms of labeling appointments you are able to verify or modify how your time is budgeted without wasting ink. paper or more time trying to remember what you said to yourself or what someone else said to you or where you placed certain written messages that you now can't find. With this program you will know where you can find exactly what you need to know about where you want to and have to be, or where you have been. before you get and after you got there. Thus, ZX-Calendar will let you plan your time so that you will never have to worry about what is ahead or what came before, for you will always know, by using it, to never be caught astray by any time-frame.

\$16.95

\$16.95 \$3.00 SHIPPING AND HANDLING/PROGRAM

A.F.R. SOFTWARE - 1605 Pennsylvania Avenue, No. 204 - Miami Beach, Florida 33139

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